November 5, 1953

Mr. Allen Villand
Director
National Americanism Commission
The American Legion Indianopolis, Indiano

Dear Mr. Willand:

In accordance with your previous request to Inspector L. R. Pennington to be furnished copies of some of our publications on Communism for possible distribution in State Conventions of The American Legion, I am forwarding under separate cover a supply of reprints of my recent article entitled "Breaking The Communist Spell."

We are indeed happy to have the opportunity to assist you in this regard.

Sincerely yours,

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cc - Indianapolis

cc - Mr. Pennington, Room A1728.

cc - Mr. M. A. Jones

USC

1500 copies of the Director's statement
"Breaking The Communist Spell
Reprinted from This Week Magazing, November 1,

(See Note Next Page)

NOV 20 4953

M.

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Clegg _______ Glavin_____ Harbo _____ Rosen _____ Tracy _____ Gearty _____ Mohr ____ Winterrowd _

Tolson Ladd_

Nichols

Belmont

Miss Gandy Coml-acle 11-5

NOTE: In May, 1953, Willand asked Inspector L. R. Pennington to furnish him some material on Communism for distribution at future American Legion State Conventions. On May 25, 1953, we sent Willand a supply of nine FBI publications regarding Communism for this purpose. (94-1-3595-53) Mr. Pennington requested sending the publication "Breaking the Communist Spell."

December 4, 1953

RECORDED-57

INDEXED-57

1037

SALL

Mr. Lee R. Pennington, Director National Americanism Commission The Incrican Legion Indianapolis, Indiana

Dear Lee:

I wanted to let you know that your letter of December 1, 1953, addressed to Mr. Ladd, and the naterial on the Distributive, Processing and Office Workers of America have been received.

It was thoughtful of you to make this material available to us.

Sincerely yours,

PHB:js

NOTE:

The material enclosed has been tetached in the Internal Security Section for appropriate review. On preliminary examination the salerial appears to consist merely of a resume of nowepa er clippines.

Nichols. Glavin. Rosen Tracy Gearty Winterrowd Tele, Room .-Holloman Sizoo -----Miss Gandy =

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C. 1. R. ...

THE AMERICAN LEGION NATIONAL AMERICANISM COMMISSION INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL DIRECTOR

December 1, 4992-49

Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Trotter
Mr. Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman

Mr. Tolson

Mr. D. M. Iadd Federal Bureau of Investigation 9th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W. Washington, D. C.

Dear Micky:

I am enclosing herewith "A Short History of Distributive, Processing and Office Workers of America and District 65". I understand this was prepared by Ralph Brown, who is now with J. C. Penney Company, Inc., in New York City.

I thought some of the boys might care to review it and determine whether there is any constructive criticism in the material contained in this Summary.

Sincerely,

LEE R. PENNINGTON, Director National Americanism Commission

Encl.1

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EX-115

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CHANGED TO

1-5-418228-10384

APR 27 1955

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AMERICAN LEGION NATIONAL AMERICANISM COMMISSION INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL DIRECTOR

1608 K Street, N. W. Washington, D. C.

Mr. Tolson

November 24, 1953

MEMORANDUM TO: The Director

A very serious controversy is going on here in Indianapolis between the American Civil Liberties Union, which e stablished a chapter several days ago, and the Department of Indiana of The American Legion.

I am enclosing for your information, an undated statement made by Indiana's Department Commander, issued last week, together with a rebuttal statement concerning Arthur Garfield Hays' address, dated November 22, 1953.

According to newspaper statements, Hays attacked Attorney General Brownell for calling Harry Dexter White a Communist spy without proof - "He took the word of a police force - the FBI". He made numerous other sneering remarks concerning Congressional committees, the Government Loyalty program and proposals to permit wire taps. The Indiana Legion made a wire recording of his entire address and as soon as copies are available, will forward to you a copy for Bureau records.

LEE R. APENNINGTON, Director National Americanism Commission

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INDEXED-37 94-1-11/178-1041

EX-102 102 DEC 1913

INITIALS ON ORIGINAL

A FILED BY

MERICAN LEGIO

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL DIRECTOR 1608 K Street, N.W. Washington, D. C.

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Novemor 24, 1953 4984-49

CH STORY

MEMORANDUM TO: The Director

I am attaching hereto an article which appeared in THE AMERICAN LEGION MAGAZINE, December, 1953.

Izvestia rather strongly disapproves of the corporation between The American Legion and the FBI, and I thought you would be interested in knowing that you have incurred their displeasure.

Respectfully,

LEE R. PENNINGTON, Director National Americanism Commission

Person.

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94-1-17998-1042 CHANGED TO (80-418228-161211/55)

ni R 27 1955

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • United States Government

TO : Mr. Glavin

DATE:

December 3, 1953

Ladd ...
Nichols
Belssont
Clegg ...
Glavis...
Harbo ...
Rosen
Tracy ...
Gearty ...

Rosen Tracy Gearty ... Mohr ... Winterrowd Tele. Roow

FROM: H. L. Edwardsy

SUBJECT: MEMBERSHIP DRIVE

FBI AMERICAN LEGION POST 56

FBI American Legion Post 56 has achieved somewhat startling results in its current membership drive and as a result has wen recognition from the District of Columbia Department of the American Legion.

On 11-24-53, Post Commander and FBI 11 mk 2 mg. McCarthy has reported, the District of Columbia Department of the American Legion issued a citation to the FBI Post for recentionally meritorious service from the National Legion Headquarters for its being the first post of the fifty-odd in the District of Tumbia to exceed its 13-4 membership prior to the target date of Normber 11, 1953. Lich is that been exhorted to try to sign up more members for 1954 than it ad in 1953 and to do so by November 11, 1 mg. Post had 129 members in 1953 and as of 11-11-53 hid signed up 15 mg. 1954. The post is also awarded an honor ribbon for this activement.

Furthermore, FBI Post, given a lota of a members, or 1954, exceeded this quota as of 11-3-53 by long signed up the member. It was the first post in the District of columbia to exceed its quota; and as a result, it will receive a rephy to be presented at the Department's annual convention in Mashington. D. C. next summer.

RECOMPENDATION

INDEXED !

DEC 23 1953

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3 comments

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Mr. Lee M. Vennington Director National Incricanism Commission Most frank to The Marican Legion 1000 N Street, Northwort ashingtor, r. C.

Dear Lice.

I have received your two notes of November 34, 1953, both with enclosures, and I am looking foregrd to receiving a copy of Mr. Arthur Cerficle Haus' actress which you serviouse you would send over. Ir. Wolder's rebuttal statement obviously represents a great deal of careful research.

The "Izvestia" article seems to indicate that the Legion and the sureau there honors for the leading position on their "hate list," and they are absolutely correct when they coment concerning the close liaisons between the Legion and the Europa. I think it is in excellent idea for "The American Legion Vaganine" to reprint such articles. It offers a good insight inter the sarped ninds of the Co munists.

same date: HPL

IPL:1jc:mtd

DEC 18 1950

Rosen Geartv

Miss Gandy ...

January 7, 1954

94. 1-1: 1045

6. L. K.

Pr. Mandall C. Piart Pollevue, Nobraska

Dear Mr. Biart:

Tour letter dated December 31, 1903, has been received.

In response to your request, it is a pleasure to enclose material currently available for distribution by the FFI relating to juvenile delinquency. I hope that these data will be of interest and assistance to you in connection with the conference which you mantioned.

Sincerely yours,

John Edgar Hoover

Incloures (3)

The Sunday School vekeye to Incappowerine control.

Bibliography of Grime and Kindred Subjects

How Good a Parent are You?

The Crime Problem

Crime Begins at Home

Juvenile Delinquency (Reprint Syracuse Law Review)

Juvenile Delinquency (Committee Print)

Uniform Crime Reports (Annual-1952)

DIC:mer Win

NOTE: Correspondent has received data from the Bureau previously while Superintendent of the Nebraska Children's Home, Omaha, Nebraska.

Tolson Ladd Nichols Belmont Clegg Glavin Harbo Rosen Tracy Gearty Mohr Winterrowd Holloman Ho

Jan I y 1960/12 1954 Mailed 13

New Comments

HE AMERICAN LEGION DEPARTMENT OF NEBRASKA BELLEVUE, NEBRASKA. December 31, 1953.

OFFICE OF THE

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Will you kindly send me such current information and figures as may be readily available concerning Juvenile Delinquency.

This is to be one of the major subjects to be discussed at the Area D Child Welfare Conference to be held in Grand Rapids, Michigan tne 15th and 16th of January.

RCB/lr

notice of a Mich Member National Child Welfare Commission.

94-1-17997-16H

F. /-1

Li-Land

January 21, 1954

RECORDED-33

1046

INDEXED-33

EX-121

Mr. Lee R. Pennington
Director
National Americanism Commission
The American Legion
Indianapolis, Indiana

Dear Lee:

Your letter dated January 14, 1954, and the enclosed newspaper clipping, which you forwarded to Mr. Ladd, have been received.

To my knowledge, no information has been released by the office of the Attorney General pertinent to the subject of your inquiry. A review of the article in question, however, indicates it relates generally to Smith Act prosecutions, as well as hearings based upon petitions filed by the Department of Justice with the Subversive Activities Control Board seeking orders requiring registration of certains organizations under the terms of the Subversive Activities Control Act of 1950.

As you know, a Smith Act trial currently is in progress in Letroit, Michigan, and additional trials are contemplated by the Department in the near future. Likewise, additional proceedings before the Subversive Activities Control, Board are anticipated following the presentation of cases now being heard involving two organizations, namely, the Jefferson School of Social Science and the Labor Youth League. The results of these actions will be made a matter of public record upon their conclusion, as has been the practice in the past.

NOTE: An informative memo dated 1-15-54, was submitted, which analyzed the comments of the AG in detailing action against subversives by the Republican Administration. Not all the AG's figures as they appeared in press reports were accurate and the basis of computations used by him for arriving at other figures he released is unknown.

WWK: THE JAN 29 1954 L. (

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Ladd _____
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Clegg _____
Glavin _____
Harbo _____

Winterrowd —
Tele. Room —
Holloman —
Miss Gandy —

January 21, 1954

Mr. Lee R. Fennington Director National Americanism Commission

It is noted the article in question concluded with a statement concerning deportation proceedings against subversive aliens. This, of course, is a matter within the sole jurisdiction of the Immigration and Naturalization Service.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar moover

- 2 HASI 18 13 Marion

THE AMERICAN LEGION NATIONAL AMERICANISM COMMISSION INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL DIRECTOR

January 14, 1954

4992-49

Mr. Mohr

Mr. Ladd
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Relmonth
Mr. Clear
Mr. Clavin
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tracy

Mr. D. Milton Ladd Assistant to The Director The Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice Building Washington, D. C.

Dear Micky:

I am enclosing herewith an article which appeared in the January 14th, 1954, issue of The Indianapolis Star.

We are quite anxious to get hold of detailed information in order to publish it in The Firing Line, and would appreciate it if you could find out whether the Attorney General has furnished any detailed information concerning individuals and organizations mentioned in the article.

I'll give you a call after I get back in Washington next Friday.

Sincerely,

LEE R. PENNINGTON, Director National Americanism Commission

Encl. 1

RECORDED-33 (74-117)

400

EX-127

THURSDAY, JANUARY 14, 1954

Red-Breaking **Record Cited** v Brownell

Washington (UP) Attorney General Herbert Brownell Jr. said last night the Eisenhower administration has indicted or convicted 54 Communist leaders. brought 12 front groups to court and deported more than 200 subversive allens, 4

Brownell's statement, made on the NBC radio program Report From the White House, was, a direct reply to former President Truman who said last President Truman who said last week that If the Republicans indicted prosecuted of con-victed any Communists, I have never heard of it."

WE HAVE a very active program, a gia in s.t. subversionary groups and individuals in this country and it is really work-

country and it is really working," the attorney general said.

Brownell was asked specifically about Mr. Truman's statement that "all the Communist convictions and all the Communications are considered. nist indictments were carried out under his administration and that of the late President Franklin D. Roosevelt.

The attorney general replied that since the Eisenhower Administration came into office last January it has convicted and Jalled 17 Communist leaders under the Smith Act which for under the Smith Act which for bids conspiracy to teach and advocate voilent overthrow of the government.

HE SAID 20 OTHER Red leaders were indicted in this period and will be brought to period and win be brought to trial next spring while five fu-gitive Communist leaders were caught, brought back into court and sentenced. Twelve other Reds were indicted for making false statements under the Taft

Hartley or other laws. Brownell said 12 Communist front groups were hauled before the Subversive Activities Control Board. In addition, he said, the Administration has brought deportation proceedings against 713 subversive aliens, of whom 219 actually have been deported

74-1-17978-1046

ENCLOSURE

94-1-17998-1047
CHANGED TO

100-418228-5

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

ro :

MR. A. H. BELMONT

DATE: 2-1-54

FROM

MR. J. A. SIZOQ

PA

SUBJECT:

AMERICAN LEGION -

NATIONAL AMERICANISM COMMISSION

Ladd
Nichols
Belmont
Clegg
Glavin
Harbo
Tracy
Gearty
Mohr
Tele. Room
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Sizoo
Miss Gandy
Miss Gandy

Tolson

After discussing with you the subject matter covered the attached letter from Mr. Pennington to Mr. Ladd, I talked to Mr. Pennington this morning after he returned from about ten days of sickness and advised him that we had considered in the Bureau at some length the advisability of the Commission's dedicating an issue of The Firing Line to the refutation of attacks by Communists on the Bureau and had concluded that it probably would be better not to make a great issue over the matter; that scarcely a day passed during which some subversive publication did not avail itself of the freedom of the press and castaspersions upon the conduct of the Bureau with the obvious intent of embarrassing or harassing the Bureau and the Director; and that we should expect such attacks. It was pointed out that it appeared that the compilation of such data might; serve as the basis for additional attacks by misguided persons and that to accurately and forcefully refute all such allegations would require considerable work on the part of the Bureau and possibly the disclosure of confidential information and confidential techniques. It was, therefore, our considered opinion that no action along these lines should be taken at this particular time.

Our sincere appreciation for Pennington's continued interest in the welfare of the Bureau as evidenced by this communication, as well as others along a similar line, was expressed to him.

It will also be noted that he mentioned as of possible interest that if we did not already have it, he would attempt to obtain for us a copy of a booklet entitled "Report of Court Proceedings in the Case of the Anti-Soviet Trotskyite Center," which he thought might be of interest. I told Mr. Pennington that we already had in our files a copy of this publication.

Pennington expressed appreciation for my interest in calling him concerning the matter and made comments reflecting his continued concern for the welfare of the Bureau.

ACTION: None. This is for information.

Attachment JAS:mrm.v~

CC: Mr. Baumgardner

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INDEXED - 60

EX-125

-17/11-1048 1901

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL DIRECTOR January 15, 1954

4992-49

Mr. Ros

Mr. Traits Tr. T

Mr. D. M. Ladd Assistant to The Director The Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice Washington, D. C.

Dear Micky:

1954 have read with considerable interest the January issue of "Expose". Starting on the front page it contains a vicious article concerning the Bureau.

In reading the subversive and leftists publications here in-Indianapolis, it appears to the Research Specialists that the Communist Front groups are intensifying their attempts to discredit the Federal Bureau of Investigation. The boys would very much like to have an entire issue of The Firing Line to contain nothing but information concerning attacks on the Bureau and giving in it, insofar as possible, the backgrounds of the individuals and people responsible for those articles.

I am wondering whether any of the boys in the Security Division have been keeping track of this stuff. I will drop in and see you about it upon my return to Washington the latter part of next week. I thought somebody might be more or less keeping track of this kind of tripe.

I located a book here in The Legion Library which, I understand, is of considerable value and I was wondering whether the Bureau. had this. I understand that immediately after its publication in 1937 the U.S.S.R. withdrew it from circulation and destroyed every copy they could possibly get their hands on. A former Ambassador to Russia had a copy and furnished it to The Legion. It is entitled Report of Court Proceedings in the Case of the Anti-Soviet Trotskyite Center". It was heard before the Military Collegium of the Supreme Count of the U.S.S.R., Moscow, January 23rd, 1937, and it is indicated as a verbatim report.

Frankly, I don't know whether this would be of any value to the Bureau or not. I really don't know whether you have it, but from glancing through it it appears that Vishinsky was the Prosecutor. If the Bureau does int have it, I would appreciate it if you would notify me here, and, if I am able to procure it, I will bring it with me next week and will then try to make arrangements to have it photostated.

Sincerely yours,

RECORDED - 60 LEE R. PENNINGTON, Diffector FEB 3 National Amenica film Commission

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Office Memore lum - united state government

TO : MR. A. H. BELMONT)

DATE: Jan. 27, 1954

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Nichols
Belmont
Clegg
Glavin
Harbo
Rosen

Harbo Rosen Tracy Gearty

Rosen _____ Fracy _____ Searty _____ Johr ____ Vinterrowd __ Tele: Room __ Jolloman ____

FROM : MR. F. J. BAUMGARDNER

SUBJECT:

NATIONAL AMERICANISM COMMISSION AMERICAN LEGION -

Lee Pennington, former Bureau inspector, now with the National Americanism Commission of the American Legion in Washington D. C., has furnished the Bureau with a group of twelve pamphlets published by the National Americanism Commission. All of these pamphlets dealt with the "American way of life" and pertained to the various "truths on which American success is based." One folder captioned "Wanted Ten Million Salesmen" explains the Legion's program for Americanism and refers to a letter received from the Bureau which states that the Legion's program offers "real opportunities for further public service."

This letter from the Bureau is published opposite 10 the Director's picture.

RECOMMENDATION:

These pamphlets are of no current interest to the Bureau; however, it is recommended that they be filed for possible future reference.

1/3/

Attachment

RDS:mam

51 FEB 10 1954

Office Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO: MR. TOLSON

DATE: February 9. 19 Indeed to the state of the

There is attached a tabulation showing the status of American Legion files as of January 31, 1954, as to new files made up during the month, files in which contacts were completed during the month, and files in which additional contacts are needed.

Attachment

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53 FEB 23 1954

TABULATION SHOWING STATUS OF AMERICAN LEGION FILES AS OF JANUARY 31, 1954

OFFICE	NEW FILES MADE UP DURING MONTH	FILES IN WHICH ALL NECESSARY CONTACTS COMPLETED DURING MONTH	FILES IN WHICH AD- DITIONAL CONTACTS NEEDED
Albany Albuquerque Anchorage Atlanta Baltimore Birmingham Boston Buffalo Buffalo Butte Charlotte Chicago Cincinnati Cleveland Dallas Denver Detroit El Paso Honolulu Houston Indianapolis Kansas City Knoxville Little Rock Los Angeles Louisville Memphis Miami Milwaukee Minneapolis Mobile Newark New Haven New Orleans New York Norfolk Oklahoma City Omaha Philadelphia Phoenix Pittsburgh Portland	700000500960090070003031000820000000000000000000000000000	36000 194669655006 377452 590600 1171 2906 2190 2190 2190 210 210	231 101045588056047209008566022014173010320 101045588056047209008566022014173010320 1240021014173010320

6.4 4 17.

OFFICE	NEW FILES MADE UP DURING MONTH	FILES IN WHICH ALL NECESSARY CONTACTS COMPLETED DURING MONTH	FILES IN WHICH AD- DITIONAL CONTACTS NEEDED
Richmond St. Louis Salt Lake City San Antonio San Diego San Francisco San Juan Savannah Seattle Springfield Washington	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 1	15 284 6 29 9 25 0 72 21 43 1	144 0 8 120 36 14 0 20 58 259
Totals	318	2,903	5,824

74-1-17998-V(2/15/54) CHANGED TO 100-418228-V/6

April 1

Office Memorandum • United States Governmen Mr. Tolson Vicali DATE: March 15, 1954 America Fyra - hate L. B. Nichols FROM: Lee Pennington fired William E Harris who was a Research Analyst in the National Americanism Commission in Indianapolis since he Mhad found Harris unreliable and had been informed that Harris would not be welcome following certain Legion assignments in view of passes he had made at women. Harris, on the other hand, is now stating he was fired because of his stand on the Bricker Amendment and represents that the Legion is no l longer strongly anti-Communist. Lee has put out the attached Legion letter which he thought we should have a copy of. cc: Mr. Boardman Mr. Belmont Attachment LBN:arm G. I. R. -10

70 APR 6 19541

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL DIRECTOR

1608 K Street, N. W. Washington, D. C.

March 8, 1954

TO: DEPARTMENT COMMANDERS - THE AMERICAN LEGION DEPARTMENT ADJUTANTS - THE AMERICAN LEGION

MEMBERS AMERICANISM COMMISSION - THE AMERICAN LEGION

MEMBERS COUNTER-SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES COMMITTEE - Executive Section - THE AMERICAN LEG

I assumed the Directorship of the Americanism Commission of The American Legion on November 23, 1953, and shortly thereafter learned that William E. Harris, Research Analyst, was not cooperating with the rest of the staff. In an effort to eliminate friction, a division of the assignments on subversive activities was agreed upon by the two specialists engaged in this type of activity. Harris' cooperation was of short duration. He repeatedly took exception to administrative decisions, voicing his disapproval both to officials within the National Organization and to outsiders having no connection with the work of the Division.

He showed a complete lack of consideration for the feelings of others and was grossly insubordinate. In two areas where he appeared on seminars, I was informed that Harris would not again be welcome.

Harris was dismissed on February 17, 1954. Immediately thereafter, a wholly false statement appeared in Indianapolis newspapers stating that his services were terminated due to his support of the Bricker Amendment. These were promptly denied by the National Adjutant. Harris was dismissed due to the fact that he was an unsatisfactory employee.

Reputable Legionnaires reported that Harris intended to initiate a smear campaign against several at National Headquarters to force the subject of his dismissal before the Executive Committee Meeting in May. The National organization hopes that Departments will be circumspect in using this disgruntled employee on future programs.

There has been no let-up in the fight against the Communist menace. I feel we are now diversifying the material in the FIRING LINE to a greater extent than we have in the past. Applications of a number of prospective employees are being reviewed in order to fill the existing vacancy.

Sincerely yours,

Lee R. Pennington

Director

LRP:mc

94-1-17718-1052-

March 16, 1954

M. A. Jones

Mr. Nichols

CHARTS OF COMMUNIST PARTY ACTIVITIES

NATIONAL When in my office yesterday, former Inspector Lee R. Pennington (now with the American Legion) referred to page 161 of the lirector's testimony on December 9, 1953, before the House Subcommittee on Appropriations and specifically to the fourth full paragraph which mentions a chart outlining the present tactics of the 'ommunist Party in this country and also a chart showing the origin and continuity of the Communist Party in the United States.

The last paragraph on page 161 refers to a chart showing the national structure of the Communist Party and a cony of the organizational apparatus of the 'ommunist Party.

Mr. Pennington stated that the American Legion was getting out a manual on ommunism and he thought maybe he might be able to use these charts in the event they were not considered confidential.

These charts, of course, did not appear in the printed version of the irector's testimony prepared for distribution by the Bureau. It would appear, however, that these charts are of nonconfidential nature and might well be made available to former Inspector Pennington.

RECOMMENDATION:

Since the Bur au might well have use for the charts entitled "Origin and Continuity of the Communist Party,"
"Communist Party, U.S.A. - National Structure" and "Organizational Apparatus of the Communist Party, U.S.A.-1953," it is felt that the only one we could possibly allow Pr. Pennington to use would be the one entitled "Present Tactics of the Communist Party, U.S.A." It is suggested that a copy be made for Mr. Fennington's benefit.

MAJ:rm

ADDENDUM, MAJ:mcq, 3-24-54:

Inspector Pennington was advised on March 23 of the unavailability of these charts.

94-1-17998-1

148 .dAR 29 1954

INITIALS OF SECONDA

ORIGINAL PLED IN CONTROL / 173

Office Memorandum . United states government

TO : Mr. Nichols

DATE: March 18, 1954 Nichols

Clegg Glavis Harbo Rosen

FROM : M. A. Moheb

UBJECT: LETTER DATED MARCH 16, 1954,
FROM A. J. KCONNELL, HEAD OF
THE RMERICAN LEGION. TO LEE

THE AMERICAN LEGION, TO LEE

PENNINGTON

When speaking with former inspector Pennington today on other matters, he referred to a letter he had received dated March 16 from Connell concerning Bob Considine's recent column proposing a foundation to investigate Communism. Mr. Pennington stated that he desired to talk this matter over with you, perhaps tomorrow, and that he was sending the letter over today so that you would have a chance to look it over.

A typed copy of Connell's letter has been prepared and is attached. It will be noted that Connell suggested to Mr. Pennington that the Legion would be the proper organization to get behind this proposed foundation and get it going.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

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INDEXED - 40

EX-127

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Pennengts.

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Attachment
MAJ: rm (And College)

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H O T E LA R D M A

215 BRAZILIAN AVENUE PALM BEACH FLORIDA

March 16, 1954

Dear Lee,

Just read Bob Considine's column quoting an idea of Myles Lane about setting up a Foundation to study and explain Communism. I think it's terrific and would give the American Legion tremendous prestige if we could sponsor such an undertaking. We have been in the fore-front of this fight thru much of our history and are a natural to undertake such a project.

It would seem to me that both the "pro" and "anti" McCarthy forces would welcome the idea. I believe that the American people are getting fed up with the entire controversy and that they would welcome the setting up of a sound plan to study and comment calmly on the whole problem of Communism.

Big business and fellows like H. L. Hunt down in Dallas might "buy" the idea as a sound long range way of setting up a fountain head from which would flow information on the world's most controversial subject.

Wish you would contact Mr. J. Edgar Hoover and find out his thinking on the plan and how far we could count on him to endorse and work for such a Foundation. I'd "buy" his being head of a such an organization when set up. He undoubtedly would have some additional thoughts of his own.

I had asked Bill Haucle to contact Hoover (with your help) to see if he would come out to the N.E.C. meeting in May. The Foundation could be his subject.

We'd try to sell the idea of the Legion making an initial donation just as we did to the "Heart Fund". We could probably make some contacts with "big business" as to their reactions before our May meeting.

It would be a great boom to Legion membership as we need some new project to attract veterans to our standard.

Myles Lane might also be a possibility to appear at

What's your reaction?

Kindest personal regards to Mrs. Pennington and yourself.

Art

Sincerely, 94-1-17978/05

Director, FSI

ARTICLE BY ALAN BARTH ENTITLED "HOW GOOD IS AN FBI REPORT"

I thought you might like to have the attached copy of the March 15, 1954, issue of "The Firing Line" published by The National Americanism Commission of The American Legion. You will note that pages one and two of this publication deal with the article by Alan Barth entitled "How Good is an FBI Report," which appears in the March, 1954, issue of "Harper's "magazine.

Attachment

cc - Mr. William P. Rogers (with cony of attachment)
Denuty Attorney General

TEB: pa

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NOT RECORDED 191 APR 5 1954

Et a Strains

RIGHAL COPY FILED IN

Office Memorandum . United states government

TO : Mr. Ni charles

FROM : M. A. Johes

SUBJECT: REQUEST BY LEE PENNINGTON

DATE: March 25, 1954 Nichols Belmon

Belmor b 6 - Clegg. b 6 - Glavin b 7 C Hassen - Tracy

Tracy _____
Mohr ____
Trotter ____
Winterrowd _

Winterrowd — Tele. Room — Holloman —— Miss Gandy —

On the afternoon of March 24, 1954, Lee Pennington,
Director of the Americanism Commission of the American Legion, /
telephonically contacted Special Agent Donald G. Hanning of
Crime Records and asked if we could check on one
Kensington. Maruland. for him. Pennington advised
he wanted to hire and if indices were
negative, he would know was okay. He advised that
the Foreign Operations Administration from May,
1952, to January, 1953, and spent most of that time in Cairo,
\textit{Egypt}_{ullet}

Indices reflected that we conducted an International Development Program Applicant Type of inquiry concerning this individual in 1952. (128-4418) φ 116-147658

A review of this file reflected that the investigation concerning this individual failed to develop any derogatory information concerning

After checking with Mr. Nichols, Mr. Pennington was advised that we had no derogatory information concerning

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information.

Coa

(94-1-17998)

DGH: imz

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'Sarch 16, 1954

Ura. B. Decourd 94-1-17998-1055
Tingwood, Lest Virginia

Dear Mrs. Fard:

I have received your letter of March 11, 1954, and I am happy to learn of the program which the Child cliare Committee of The American Legion Auxiliary is planning for Child Celjare Month.

Many jamilies have a special time when they discuss matters of interest and problems facing them, and I believe that there is no better time to do this than while they are gathered for the evening meal. Family discussions parmit parents to become more intimately acquainted with their children who, as a result, will present more of their problems to their parents. This gives adults an opportunity to properly counsel their offspring and guide them on the path of righteous living. Such instruction will help keep them from drifting toward lawlessness which is engulfing our country today.

Table blessings are an important part of every meal because they are a constant resinder to both parents and children of Jod's presence in the home and make us more appreciative of what He has provided for us. One of mym favorite blessings which has remained with me from this like of is:

COMM — FBI MAR 2 2 1954 MAILED 31 Bless us O Lord, and these thy gifts, which we are about to receive through thy bounty, through Christ, our Lord, men.

I am pleased that you desire my views in this regard, and I sincerely hope that they will be of some small help in making your program a success.

J. Mdgar Hosvar

NOTE: Bufiles have no derogatory information concerning

Mohr Mrs. Ward.
Winterrowd PR

Tolson

Nichols Belmont Clegg ___

Glavir Harbo

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Mr. Tolson. Mr. Boardman. Mr. Nichola Mr. Belment

Mr. Glavin.

Mr. Harbo.

r. Holl resu

Mics Gandy -



AME<u>RICAN LEGION</u> AUXILIARY

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS INDIANAPOLIS 7, INDIANA

March 11,1954

Mr. J.Edgar Hoover Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington , D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover :

The child Welfare Committee of The American Legion Auxiliary will launch a new program on April , lst (Child Welfare Month) , aimed at maintaining the integrity of the American Home.

We have named the program ," The Dinner Bell Hour" . Realizing that the over-organized lives of both the parents and the children have made it almost impossible to have what was once the high light of the day , the evening meal together (from beginning) to end). We believe that children need the love that can be best be radiated around the dinner table. A relaxed meal ,a discussion of family interests. Then, the family would become an entity and the children's lives would be gathered into the right channels.

Would you be kind enough to share with us a statement of your thinking on this program ? Also, a statement as to how it might help curb Juvenile Delinquency . Would you further add one or two table blessings that you may remember from your child-hood, that children could use before meals , with your permission to use them in furthering this program.

The first announcement was made by radio , from Washington Feb.7th. Later, as the result of an address I made at the Sheraton Park Hotel in Washington, it received excellent press notices throughout the United States. Inez Robb , picked it up and devoted her entire column to it on Feb. 15th.

We hope that you too, will approve and share in promoting it. I know that we ask you for many favors. I remember how well you cooperated the year that I was Director of Girls Nation , I know how you help the Legion at all times. In fact, I have just read your article," Where do we stand today with Communism in the United States ?" and don't we always return to those , that we know we

can count on?

NUBY B. WARD

With kindest personal regards

Mrs. B. B. Ward 2.11.11111 National Child Welfare Chairman The American Legion Auxiliary ...

8 8-14-54

....

Mr. Lee R. Pennington Director National Americanism Commission The American Legion 1600 II Street, Northwest Washington, D. C.

Doar Leo:

I wanted you to know how deeply I appreciate the kind invitation which has been extended to me to meet with the National Executive Committee of The American Logion in Indianapolia on May 2, 3, or 4, 1954. This is something was a certainly would like to do but, unfortunately, after checking my commitments, I find that I simply cannot work this into my schedule as much as I would like to do it.

I hope, however, you will extend to the Legion officials my heartiest greetings and my expressions of deep appreciation for the oplendid support which the Legion has given to our work over the years.

With eve	ery good wish,	A	2010-1055X
MAR L 8 1954 COMM-FRI	Sincevoly, J. E. (LCO	2 3 7+1	7979-1055X
Tolson cc: Mr. Jones, Attenti	ion: Mr. Hanning	Will of the state	
Jul 19 1962	≱ Solv¥		

APR 27 1955

<u>_</u>

April 7, 1954

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. TOLSON MR. NICHOLS

Yesterday, Mr. Arthur J. Connell, National Commander of the American Legion, called to see me, accompanied by former Inspector Lee Pennington of this Bureau. The National Commander stated that the Executive Committee of the American Legion would be meeting at Indianapolis, I. Indiana, on May 2, 3, 4, 1954, and he desired to make a personal appeal to me to be present on any of those days and appear either on or off the record in talking to the Executive Committee of the American Legion. I told the National Commander that, as he already knew, I had declined this invitation in line with my general policy of not accepting any speaking commitments in view of the day ands upon my time here at Washington. The National Commander asked that I at least reconsider this matter and see whether I could possibly be present on any of the days above indicated. I desire that a letter be sent to the National Commander advising him that I have again reviewed my commitments at that time and I greatly regret my inability to be present to meet with him and the members of the Executive Committee.

I took the occasion to express my appreciation for the excellent cooperation and assistance which the American Legion has been to us over the years. The National Commander indicated the continued desire of the Legion to work closely with the FBI.

During the course of the visit of the National Commander, he spoke to me about a suggestion which had recently been made by Mr. Myles Lane, former U. S. Attorney at New York, which was referred to in a column by Bob Considine dealing with the idea of forming a toundation which could make a study of Communism and to which persons could turn for information about Communism. The National Commander stated he thought this suggestion had some merit and wondered what I thought about the same.

I told the National Commander that there was no doubt a need for information concerning Communism which, of course, could not be furnished by any Governmental agency but that I questioned seriously the Mr. Tolson. desirability of forming a foundation to serve this purpose in view of the many Mr. Boardman. Mr. Nichols. complex problems that entered into the operation of a foundation. Mr. Belmont. Mr. Glavin. 12000000-6H 122-1-1115-1056 Mr. Harbo. Mr. Rosen XED-91 Mr. Tamm. JRR 8 1910 Mr. Tracy. Mr. Mohr.

.

Mr. Holloman_____ Miss Gandy_____

Mr. Winterrowd_

I stated to the National Commander that I thought the American Legion, through its regular program of educational work, might have certain studies and research made upon which pamphlets could be prepared for dissemination dealing with the problem of Communism and the various aspects and background of it. He stated that he thought this would be worthy of further consideration by the Legion.

Very truly yours,

John Edgar Hoover Director

JEH:mpd

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Boardman
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Belmont
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Harbo
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tamm
Mr. Tracy
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Mr. Holloman
Miss Gandy

TIME 6 POND. O.

TIME 6 P

DATE 4 - 7-5 4

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STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Mem um .

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GOVERNMENT

ro : Mr. Nicholy M

FROM : M. A. Johles

DATE: April 3, 1954

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Tracy
Mohr
Trotter
Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Holloman

Miss Gandy

SUBJECT:

ARTHUR J. CONNELL

NATIONAL COMMANDER OF THE AMERICAN LEGION

SYNOPSIS:

Arthur J. Connell, National Commander of the American Legion, has an appointment to see the Director at 10:30 A.M., April 6, 1954. Connell born July 17, 1898, Boston, Massachusetts. Reveived A.B. degree from Harvard in 1917. Veteran of World War I. Married January 16, 1924, and only child killed in 1943. Has risen through ranks of American Legion until elected National Commander in September, 1953. Investigated by Bureau in Winter of 1953 at request of Foreign Operations Administration. Investigation reflected no derogatory data. Contacts with Mr. Connell have been infrequent but cordial. Director declined invitations to address National Executive Committee in September, 1953, and one scheduled for May, 1954.

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information only.

The following invitations have been declined from National Headquarters in recent years:

National Executive Committee, Indianapolis National Executive Committee Department Commanders Adjutants National Executive Committee Banquet 35th Annual National Convention at St. Louis National Security Commission 33rd Annual National Convention, Miami

May 2-4, 1954 October 15-17-1953 October 12-13, 1953 October 16, 1953 August 31, 1953 January 26, 1953 October 15, 1951

cc - Mr. Nichols

cc - Tour Room

cc - Telephone Room.

cc - Mr. Holloman

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APR 8 1953

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PURPOSE:

Mr. Connell is scheduled to see the Director at 10:30 A.M. on April 6, 1954. The following is a brief summary of pertinent data in Bureau files concerning Mr. Connell.

BACKGROUND:

Arthur J. Connell was born on July 17, 1898, in Boston, Massachusetts. He attended Phillips Exeter Academy from 1913 to 1916 and Harvard University from 1917 until February 28, 1921, when he received an A.B. degree.

Connell served in World War. I in the U. S. Navy. On January 16, 1924, he married Patricia Finlay and the only child of of this marriage was killed at the age of 18 in 1943 when a truck struck their summer home. His younger brother, Richard, was killed at Omaha Beach during the invasion of France. He has risen through the ranks of the American Legion from Post Commander to National Commander. He is President and Treasurer of clothing firms in Middletown and Danbury, Connecticut, and Vice President of the George H. Ellis Company of Boston, a printing firm. He is Vice President of the Greater Middletown Community Chest and served for seven years as Chairman of Selective Service Board 33 at Middletown, Connecticut. He was elected National Commander of the American Legion in September, 1953. (124-8329-Serial 1 and 94-1-17998-Serial 1023)

INFORMATION IN BUREAU FILES:

By letter dated December 2, 1953, the Foreign Operations Administration requested the Bureau to investigate Mr. Connell, who was being considered for appointment "to a highly sensitive position with this Administration." The investigation failed to reflect any derogatory information. (124-8329)

CONTACTS WITH BUREAU:

By letter dated July 20, 1942, Mr. Connell, then former Commander of the American Legion's Department of Connecticut, wrote the Director and commended the fine work being done by the Bureau and the excellent relations he enjoyed with our New Haven Office. This letter was cordially acknowledged by the Director on July 29, 1942. (94-1-29688-1)

Following his election to the post of National Commander of the Legion, the Director wrote Mr. Connell congratulating him on his election and this letter was cordially acknowledged by Mr. Connell on September 15, 1953, at which time he asked the Director to address the National Executive Committee meeting in October, 1953. This invitation was cordially declined by the Director on September 21, 1953. (94-1-17998-1030) The Director has also declined to address the National Executive Committee in Indianapolis on May 2, 1954.

April 8, 1954

Mr. Nichols

M.A. Jones

REPRINT OF DIRECTOR'S ARTICLE ENTITLED
"WHERE DO WE STAND TODAY WITH COMMUNISM IN
THE UNITED STATES" FROM THE MARCH, 1954,
ISSUE OF THE CAMERICAN LEGION MAGAZINE

While calling on other matters this morning, former Inspector Lee Pennington stated that Senator William E. enner's office could use as many copies of the attached reprint as the Bureau could make available. Aparently a Miss Somes in the office of Richard Arends had made the request of former Inspector

Pennington. Mr. Pennington stated that he could also use additional copies. He felt that Senator Jenner could use as many a 1,000 copies if we had them.

(900)
The Bureau's supply is down to 500 copies at this time.

RECOMMENDATION:

That we reprint 2,000 copies of this pamphlet and make 1,000 copies abailable to Senator Jenner and 500 to Mr. Pennington.

Attachment

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135 APR 15 1954

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Office Menurandum

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

TO

Mr. Tolson

April !3, 1951

FROM :

L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

Lee Pennington called. He in turn had had a call from the National Commander of the American Legion who was very regretful over the fact that the Director could not appear before the annual meeting of the Executive Board of the American Legion in Indianapolis. Lee stated that since these meetings will be off-the-record, behind closed doors and represent such a wonderful opportunity, the National Commander wondered, since the Director could not come, if he could send an assistant to discuss the subject of Communism. He assured that the meeting would be off-the-record. Lee wondered if this would be possible and pointed out he thought it would be very advantageous from the Bureau's standpoint if someone could come out. I told Lee we were pretty shorthanded, that I would have to do a little checking, but I sort of had my doubts but would let him know. Lee then asked if I could not come. I told him I was swamped and we would survey the situation and see it somebody could be made available.

Supervisor J. F. Condon and Supervisor Herman O. Bly of the Domestic Intelligence Division have been making a few appearances. I have always been very favorably impressed with Herman Bly. He makes a good appearance and I think that if he had a carefully prepared outline before he went out there, he could handle such an assignment with competence. Bly recently appeared before an ONI group, presumably for a two-hor electure, following several Navy speakers, on the subject of Communism. When Bly started in he found they had very little knowledge and instead of a 2-hour lecture, delivered a 4-hour lecture with excellent results.

Supervisor Condon likewise makes a good appearance and according to reports which I have received does a good job. I would favor Supervisor Herman Bly because I think he could handle such a meeting more effectively. We could have Bly prepare an outline which we could carefully go over prior to his going out. Accordingly, I would recommend that Bly be designated (fine to the could be a few to t

cc: Mr. Boardman

Mr. Belmont

Mr. Jones

LBN:MP

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4-14 INITIALS ON URIGINAL

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fice Nem Jum • UNITED STORENMENT : Mr. Tolson Jum • UNITED STORENMENT DATE: April 2, 1954 492

FROM:

L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

Lee Pennington called to advise that Arthur J. Connell, National Commander of the American Legion / Middletown, Connecticut, desired to see the Director on Tuesday, April 6, 1954. I mentioned this to the Director and an appointment was made for Connell to come in to see the Director at 10:30 a.m. Tuesday morning. I confirmed this with Pennington. Mr. Jones has been frequested to get up a summary memorandum.

Mil.

It is entirely possible, according to Pennington, that Connell might bring up the invitation which the Director has already declined to address the National Executive Committee of the American Legion in Indianapolis, Indiana, May 2, 1954.

cc - Mr. Holloman

FIATA LU Mar

cc - Mr. Jones

LBN:ptm

APN 9 1954

fice Memorandum - united states government

TO

Director, FBI

DATE: 4/21/54

SAC, New York (136-00)

SUBJECT:

POSSIBLE INFILTRATION OF AMERICAN LEGION, FURNISHED BY DR. DAVID CLARK CABEEN, CHAIRMAN, AMERICANISM COMMITTEE, NEW YORK COUNTY ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN LEGION, 500 PARK AVENUE, NEW YORK 22. NEW YORK

~ 1-166

On 3/23/54 DR. DAVID CLARK CABEEN telephonically 1. R. .] advised the NYO that he was desirous to make available certain information.

On 3/25/54 SA L interviewed CABEEN at CABEEN advised he resides at 530 East 23rd Street, NYC and is retired. CABEEN related he was a former professor at the University of Nebraska and other schools. Although he is presently retired, CABEEN related he is working on a seven volume book series, a French bibliography. In conversation CABEEN related he is listed in the "Who's Who Of America."

CABEEN stated he is a member of the Seventh Regiment Post of the American Legion, Armory, NYC, and is presently Chairman of the Americanism Committee of the NY County organization of the American Legion, 500 Park Avenue, NY 22, NY.

CABEEN related the following:

LOUIS J. NAFTALISON of 440 East 23rd Street, NY 10, NY, is an attorney employed by the NY State Labor Arbitration Bureau. NAFTALISON is a Vice Commander of the NY County organization of the American Legion and is a past commander of the General Duffy Post, Peter Cooper Village, NYC. stated he feels that NAFTALISON is the "hatchet man" for the Anti-Defamation League. CABEEN further stated NAFTALISON in his own American Legion Post has attacked the national operations of the American Legion on Americanism as expressed in "The Firing Line" as being un-American. CABEEN stated NAFTALISON also attacked his program of Americanism in the county organization.

БЗ МАУ 19 1954

INDEXED - 21 8 APR 22 1954

RJD:JM

Letter to Director NY 136-00

CABLEN believes that NAFTALISON possibly has infiltrated and rose in the ranks of the Legion in order to influence and change policies. CABLEN feels that NAFTALISON could be a hidden Communist, but what he, NAFTALISON, is attempting to do is more dangerous that what a Communist could do, for on the surface NAFTALISON is not a Communist.

CABEEN related in 1952 a reported Communist, name unknown, had attempted to join the General Duffy Post and NAFTALISON as Commander had objected and went to court to prove a Communist can not be a Legionnaire and to bar this reported Communist from membership. CABEEN related that all the NYC newspapers carried this matter and CABEEN feels that NAFTALISON might have done this in order to establish an anti-Communist position.

CABEEN could not definitely state what NAFTALISON'S policies are, for he says he is a very clever man. However, in general, CABEEN stated NAFTALISON is against the national Americanism policy of the American Legion. At meetings of the county organization NAFTALISON objects, forces laws, and attempts to postpone any steps the county organization might contemplate taking in regard to their Americanism program.

CABEEN further stated that FRANCIS HERBERT, Commander of the General Duffy Post, 1953, and JAMES DONOVAN, who is active in the Veterans of Foreign Wars, believe that NAFTALISON has possibly infiltrated the Legion in order to change its policies. CABEEN stated that NAFTALISON as Vice Commander is next in line to be Commander of the county organization.

CABEEN stated that Brigadier-General ROBERT CONDON of the Air Force is the unofficial boss of the American Legion in NYC, and that he and others intend to see that CONDON does not nominate NAFTALISON to be Commander and if CONDON is going to nominate NAFTALISON, CABEEN stated they are going to go to the Pentagon in order to stop it.

CABEEN stated another person who could be a hidden Communist in the Legion is MURRAY H. RESNI-COFF, who resides at 390 First Avenue, NY 10, NY, and who is presently Counselor for veterans in the Welfare Office of the American Legion, Room 809, 500 Park Avenue, NYC.

Letter to Director NY 136-00

1.

CABEEN stated RESNI-COFF is presently the Vice Chairman of the Americanism Committee of the county organization and is past Commander of United Manhattan Post #9. CABEEN stated he feels that RESNI-COFF'S objective is to defeat the policies of the Legion on Americanism as defined in "The Firing Line." For example, CABEEN stated the American Legion is 100% behind the policies of the New York "Journal American" and the Hearst papers in regard to Americanism and that RESNI-COFF would be one that would be against the policies of the "Journal American" and the Hearst papers concerning Americanism.

CABEEN stated that RESNI-COFF is a troublemaker and sabotages the American Legion objectives on Americanism. CABEEN placed RESNI-COFF in the same category as NAFTALISON. CABEEN stated that RESNI-COFF is a firm supporter of NY Senator LEHMAN and nominated LEHMAN to receive the 1954 Americanism Award of the American Legion. CABEEN stated his candidate for the 1954 Americanism Award of the Legion is J. B. MATTHEWS, former chief investigator with Senator JOSEPH MC CARTHY.

CABEEN stated that MEYER POSES, 11 West 42nd Street, NYC, who resides at 441 East 20th Street, NY 10, NY, is present Commander of the General Duffy Post and a Vice Chairman on the Americanism Committee of the county organization. CABEEN stated that he did not believe POSES is a Communist, but that he is a "New York Post Liberal" and an "American For Democratic Action type of fellow," who CABEEN feels should not represent the American Legion on a policy level. CABEEN did not feel that POSES is 100% behind the Americanism program of the American Legion.

CABEEN furnished the name of HARRY SIMON, 1441
Broadway, NYC, as presently being a member of the Americanism Committee of the NY County organization. CABEEN stated that SIMON shouts insults at the meeting and generally obstructs the objectives of the Americanism Committee. He did not believe that SIMON is a Communist.

cabeen in conclusion stated that he had no legal evidence against any of the foregoing persons, but it is a feeling of his, as a result of being in contact with them in the Legion. Cabeen related that he and other members felt it was not beyond the realm of possibility that certain persons might try to influence the policies of the Legion.

Letter to Director NY 136-00

CABEEN was advised that this Bureau is always interested in receiving information concerning Communists, but by an Executive Order of the Attorney General of the United States is precluded from making any information available to non-governmental organizations.

The following information, contained in the NYO, relative to the individuals mentioned-above appears to be identifiable with them.

LOUIS J. NAFTALISON

A clipping from the "New York Herald Tribune," a daily newspaper, on 2/16/49 related that SIDNEY REITER resigned as a member of the General Duffy Post #144 of the American Legion after he admitted he was a Communist. The case against REITER began in 1946 when LOUIS J. NAFTALISON said he saw REITER distributing copies of the "Daily Worker."

NAFTALISON was developed as an American Legion informant on 1/29/51 by this office at which time he advised he was Post Commander of American Legion Post #1141 and that he was presently employed by the NY State Department of Labor as a Senior Referee on the Unemployment Insurance Appeal Board.

MEYER POSES	OTHER	National	Lawyers	Guild	V.	Attorney	General,	77	Civ.	999

Hearings before a Special Committee on Un-American Activities, Appendix, Part 9, Page 1133, reflect that an undated exhibit of the Lawyers' Security League, 38 Park Row, NY, NY listed MEYER POSES, not otherwise identified, as Secretary of the organization.

Letter to Director NY 136-00

b7D

The above is for the information of the Bureau and UACB no further action will be taken by the NYO.

And the state of t

-Office Memorandum • United States Government

MR. NICHOLS

DATE: 4/23/54

Nichols Belmont Glavin Harbo

Rosen Tracy Mohr Winterrowd -

Tele. Room -

Miss Gandy -

Holloman.

FROM :

W. G. EAMES

SUBJECT:

HOUSE RESOLUTIONS 4422 AND 4581

FEBRUARY 1948

Mr. Lee Pennington now with the American Legion. 111 1608 K St. N.W., called Agent Medler and requested that in the event we had extra copies of the captioned House Resolutions we furnish him one copy of same.

He also requested one copy if available of the Dies Committee Report on Labor of 1947 and OPA, 1945-46. Mr. Pennington advised that when he left the Bureau he furnished to the Records Section personally owned copies of these reports. He stated he has need for this material and would appreciate receiving copies if available. We have located House Resolutions 4422 and 4581, but have been unsuccessful in locating an extra copy of the OPA and Labor Reports. We are continuing our search for the latter mentioned.

ACTION TAKEN:

No action has been taken thus far to furnish anything ito Mr. Pennington, but if the Bureau approves, one copy of House Resolutions 4422 and 4581 will be forwarded to him. It is also requested that in the event we are successful in locating the other reports that a decision be rendered at this time as to whether or not these should be furnished.

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INDEXED - 21

RECORDED-21 94-1-17/7/ -1060 INDEXED - 21

18 APR 00 1954

REC. SECT.

1 - MAY 101954

Office Memorandum · UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

A.H. BELMONT (THE

DATE: April 26, 1954

Clegg Glavi

Harbo Tracy Trotte

Tele. Ron

F.J. BAUMUA

SUBJECT:

COMMUNIST PARTY, USA

IS-C

Pursuant to the memorandum rom Mr. L.B. Nickols to Mr. Tolson dated April 13, 195h, to re is attached herewith a proposed outline of a 2 hor speech to be delivered by Supervisor Herman O. Bly at an off-the-record, behind closed doors meeting of the Executive Board of the American Legion in Indianapolis on Sund 7 afternoon May 2, 1954. National

This speech is designed to be imely, interesting, informative and yet not be controversial or disclose any information of a real confidential nature. It will bring basic information of the Communist menace to a group of men dedicated to fight against this atheir ic threat to the free world.

RECOIDED, DATTON:

It is recommended that this memore dum be routed to Mr. Nichols. If approved, the speech will be prepared 76 MAY 10 1054 land delivered, based on this outline.

Attachment

100-3

cc: Mr. Boardman

Mr. Nichols

Mr. Bly

HOB:sjr

INITIALS OF CHICKNAL

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LECTUPE OUTLINE

INTRODUCTORY REMARKS

I. THE COMMUNIST MENACE

A. The Communist Blueprint

1. Last statement of Communist Manifesto

 Statement in current C.F.T.S.A. constitution that Party is based on Marxist-Leninist principles.

3. Give a few selected statements from the program of the Communist International adopted on September 1, 1928, to show these principles.

4. Set forth a few excerpts from Stalin's speech of May 6, 1929, on the tasks of the American Communist Party.

5. Give the 8 basic ideas of Communism.

6. Point out that C.P.J.S.A. constitution carries statement, "the Communist Party therefore educates the working class, in the course of its day to day struggles for its historic mission, the establishment of Socialism."

7. Statements of extremely revolutionary nature made by William Z. Foster, head of C.P.U.S.A.

(a) Statements before Fish Committee in December 1930 re: "Red Flag, etc."

- (b) Statement in "Toward a Soviet America" oublished in 1932 as to what would take place when the dictatorship of Prolecariaties established in U.S.
- (c) March 3, 1949, statement, that in case of war between U.S. and Soviet Union, Communists would cooperate with all democratic forces to defeat predatory war aims of American imperialism, etc.
- (d) Cable of condolences of C.P.W.S.A. to Central Committee of C.P. of the Soulet Union upon death of Joseph Stalin on March 5, 1953.

II. COMPUNIST PARTY OF U.S.A.

A. Its Organizational Structure

- 1. Mational Convention
- 2. National Committee
- 3. Alternate National Committee

4. 30 districts

4-1-17928-

(a) State, city, section, and club organization National Commissions Differentiate between "open" party and "underground" organization (generalize, but yet make interesting) Describe security measures practiced today. Describe Prosecutive Action Under Smith Act - 1940 Under Internal Security Act of 1950 (a) Describe the action that can be taken against C.P.U.S.A. and its members if Supreme Court upholds order of Subversive Activities Control Board that C.P.U.S.A. should register as a Communist action organization. DESCRIBE THE PRESENT C.P. LINE AS SOT FORTH IN THE PRAFT PROGRAM RELIMSED ON MARCH 7, 1954 III: Describe this program as an attempt to capitalize on the present economic situation, political differences, and international crises to win adherents to the Communist cause. Point out that this new program denies that C.P. advocates force and violence and that this is just another attempt at lying and deceit to win back its former position in U.S. which existed prior to the prosecution of its leaders Point out that this druft program is for discussion purposes only at this time, but that final program will be adopted early this summer at a "National gathering." F.B.I. IS CONSIDERED THE NO. I FMEMY OF C.P.U.S.A. A. Point out that although the Communist Party is spear-TV: heading its attacks against Senator McCarthy and the Congressional Committees, its real enemy is the F. D.L. and that every step is taken to smear the F.B.I. whenever it can. In 1941 C.P. intensified its campaign against the F.B.I. and called for Director J. Edger Lover removal and urged Congress to reduce 100 appropriate ations of the F. E.I. Committee Statement and

2. Cite attack of the National Lawyers Guild in 1950.

3. Cite attack against Director Hoover in connection with the so called "Palmer Raids."

4. Cite the constant attack against the F.B.I. because of its use of "stool pigeons."

5. Cite the constant reference to the F.B.I. as the "Gastapo in America."

6. Cite the reference to so called F.B.I. "herrassment" in connection with our interview programs and prosecution of CP leaders.

7. The Communist Party constantly attempts to discredit the F.B.l. as interfering with labor
union activities.

B. Cite instructions issued by Communist movement in event any member is contacted by agents of F.B.I. Quote from document "When the Political Police (FBI) Knock on your Door."

Office Memorandum UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Mr. Tolson

DATE: April 26, 1954

FROM

L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

Former Inspector Lee R. Pennington of the American Legion has asked if the Bureau could possibly have one of its translators acquainted Nation with Bulgarian look over the attached letter addressed to Mat Managhan of New Orleans. Lee Pennington explained that Mat Managhan is the Department Adjutant of the headquarters of the American Legion in Louisiana at New Orleans and was extremely helpful to the Bureau several years ago when the Director was interested in obtaining some detailed information on the then Huey Long machine in Louisiana. Pennington stated an exact translation was not necessary but would be appreciated if the Bureau could help by giving the gi st of what this

It is suggested in view of Pennington's active cooperation with the Bureau that the Translation Unit look over the letter and I will see that the translation is relayed back to Pennington.

cc - Mr. Tamm

letter is about.

JJM:ptm

Attachment

Jily

April 28, 1954

7/1/1/1/1/

Mr. Lee R. Pennington The American Legion 1608 K Street, Northwest Washington 6, D. C.

Dear Lee:

I am returning the material you received from Matt Managhan of New Orleans, together with a translation of the letter.

With best wishes,

Sincerely,

John J. Guire

Enclosures (3)

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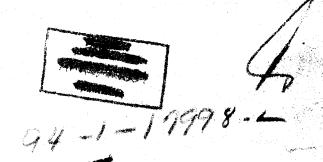
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TRANSLATED RY.

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EX - 104

Mr. Lee R. Pennington Director National Americanism Commission The American Legion 1608 K Street, Northwest Washington, D. C.

Dear Lee:

Nick has called to my attention your letter of May 4th.

I deeply appreciate your continued interest in all of our activities, and I certainly was glad to know that you thought sufficiently well of my article which appeared in the March issue of The American Legion Magazine to give it the distribution you did.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

CC - Mr. Jones

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Mr. Louis Nichols The Federal Bureau of Investigation 9th and Pennsylvania Avenue, N. W. Washington, D. C.

Dear Nick:

I am enclosing herewith a copy of The Director's questions and answers which appeared in The American Legion Magazine in March of 1954, which have been disseminated by The American Legion in Pennsylvania.

Two hundred thousand (200,000) copies of this have been printed and distributed to schools throughout the State.

Sincerely yours,

LEE R. PENNINGTON, Director National Americanism Commission

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WHERE DO WE STAND TODAY WITH COMMUNISM IN THE UNITED STATES?*

By J. EDGAR HOOVER

Director, Federal Bureau of Investigation

Question: Has there been a decline in recent years in the number of communists in the United States?

Answer: Yes. In January, 1947, there were approximately 74,000 members of the Communist Party in the United States. In July, 1948, the top twelve Communist Party leaders were indicted on charges of violation of the Smith Act. This was the first legal action instituted against the top leadership of the Communist Party. In January, 1949, party membership was approximately 54,000. On October 14, 1949, the Communist Party leaders were found guilty. As of December 31, 1949, party membership numbered less than 53,000. On June 25, 1950, the war in Korea began; and on September 23, 1950, the Internal Security Act of 1950, which called for the registration of all communist action organizations, went into effect. By December 31, 1950, party membership in the United States numbered less than 44,000. On June 4, 1951, the Smith Act was upheld constitutionally, and during the summer of 1951, additional communist leaders were indicted under this act. By January, 1952, party membership totaled less than 32,000; and as of September 30, 1953, it numbered approximately 24,000. That is a decrease of 50,000 members, or about two-thirds of the total membership, since January, 1947.

uestion: Has there been a corresponding decline in communist influence in the United States?

nswer: I would not say that communist influence has declined in direct ratio to the decrease in members. The influence of the communist movement can never be determined in terms of members. Many of the members who have dropped out of the Communist Party are still sympathetic with some of the aims of the party and can still be counted on to assist in certain phases of party work. The large number of members who have defected or have been expelled in recent years does not represent the most influential or the most devoted members. Those who now

remain in the Communist Party are essentially the real nucleus of hard-core communists who are devoted to Marxism-Leninism and are willing to obey any party instructions. Essentially they are the members who were the most influential six years ago. The party still has its publications, its schools and its fellow travelers. On the other hand, the prosecution and incarceration of the leading functionaries have forced the current leadership underground; which has hurt their effectiveness. Public exposure has neutralized the influence of many other members. These factors have been a damaging blow to the over-all influence of the party.

Question: What has been the greatest blow suffered by the communists in this country in recent years?

nswer: Unquestionably, the greatest blow they have suffered has been the successful prosecution by the Government of over 60 of their leaders for violation of the Smith Act. This has deprived the party of much of its most powerful leadership, disrupted many of its operations and heavily drained its financial resources. It has thrown confusion, uncertainty and fear into the rank-andfile membership. It has made them realize how thoroughly they have been investigated for a long period of time and how closely their activities have been observed, with the result that they have gone underground and have invoked such strict security measures among the membership that they cannot operate nearly so effectively as in past years. It has revealed to them that some of their most trusted comrades were actually informants for the Government. which has created suspicion and distrust of their associates. It has caused many of the less devoted Marxists to drop out of the party, and some of them to make a full disclosure to the FBI of their knowledge of communist activities. It has turned the spotlight on the communist con-

*Reprinted with permission of The American Legion Magazine, March, 1954.

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Length house spiracy against this country, so that the American public has now seen it in true perspective and has taken an enlightened stand against this foreign-inspired menace. This positive action by the Government has been and continues to be a staggering blow to the Communist Party.

westion: What is our greatest present danger from American communism?

nswer: So long as public opinion is aroused and there is widespread resistance to communist infiltration the greatest danger lies in the moment of great emergency which would arise should the Soviets try a "Pearl Harbor" sneak attack. Then, by disrupting our defense program, they could do us the most damage. It is of utmost importance to the security of our nation that we maintain a constant state of preparedness to repel successfully any attack and to the second deal swiftly and effectively with any aggressor. Any breakdown in our productive ability would imperil our national security now, and would create a crucial situation in the event of open hostilities. For that reason we must take every precaution to safeguard our productive might.

uestion: Do you think the public has been getting a fair picture of the danger from communists within this country?

the street, nswer: I feel that the press, radio, television and Congressional investigating committees have done much in recent years to educate the public as to the nature, operations and objectives of communism; and the educational program of The American Legion has been particularly effective. Tarry Checkive.

uestion: Do you think the public now understands and appreciates the danger?

e see we see the see nswer: Those who are interested in learning about the communist menace have certainly had the opportunity to become better informed during recent years; but, of course, there are many people who are apathetic about the danger and consequently have little or no understanding of it.

uestion: Because of the Korean War most Americans now recognize the overall menace of armed aggression. They also know that Soviet spies have been at work in this country. However, is it not true that most Americans are hazy when it comes to communist fronts, how they operate, and what should be done about them?

nsiver: The fact that there are so many communist front groups now operating in the United States

leaves no doubt that many Americans have not checked into the underlying purpose and nature of such organizations before becoming affiliated with them.

Communist front groups are organizations of a disguised character which the Communist Party uses to further its aims. They would appear on the surface not to be under communist control, and their ostensible objectives would seem to be entirely legitimate. Only in this way can they attract the support of many individuals who would not openly uphold a known Communist Party program.

Front groups are particularly valuable to the Communist Party as a recruiting field for potential party members, as a source of funds, as a pressure group advocating a particular communist program and

as a means of disseminating communist propaganda. They are established either by actually organizing a new group around a particular issue or by infiltrating a legitimate existing organization. Among those who participate in front groups are open Communist Party members, concealed communists, fellow travelers and communist sympathizers.

Legal action has been taken with re-... spect to such organizations. The Internal Security Act of 1950 provides that organizations determined by the Subversive Activities Control Board to be communist front organizations, and officers of these organizations, must register: with the Attorney General; and certain restrictions are placed upon such organizations and persons. The Subversive Activities Control Board has been holding hearings on certain organizations on the Attorney General's list, to determine whether they are communist front organizations within the provisions of this Act.

It is highly important that any person "Stop, Look and Listen" before he allows his name to be used by any newly created organization with whose aims he is not completely familiar.

Q. You have often predicted that the when things became hot. With public resentment increasing, hasn't there been a general movement from open communist organizations to more or less nebulous front organizations?

A. Very definitely. Almost all Communist Party activity is being carried con in a disguised manner. Many of the .. top leaders and most trusted members of the party have gone underground, and the rank-and-file membership carry . . on party activities through communist front organizations and even through infiltrating legitimate organizations. For example, under party instructions they have joined Parent-Teacher Associations, church, civic and similar groups in which you would not expect to find them. They are transferred to different sections of the country where they as-

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sume fictitious names and backgrounds and infiltrate unsuspecting groups and right-led labor unions in order to further the communist program. Therefore it will be increasingly difficult for unsuspecting citizens to detect communist influence in organizational activities.

Q. This, then, means a tougher problem for Americans since the fight moves into a twilight zone. Issues are confused, and the public is confused. How can communism be fought most effectively in America today?

A. I have always felt that an alert, informed citizenry is our most potent weapon against communism. The vast majority of Americans are patriotic, loyal citizens. They abhor treachery, deceit and any forces which would deprive us of our freedom and democratic liberties, and will not long tolerate the perpetuation of such evils. Through the schools, churches, press and radio, the public should be given the facts about communism. Not through demagoguery or appeal to their prejudices and fears, but through a clear, factual, truthful presentation, the public should continue to be informed of the real purposes, objectives, loyalties and methods of operation of the Communist Party. Because communist strategy is based on deceit and its true motives are concealed, communism cannot flourish under the spotlight of truth. The more fully it becomes exposed to the public eye, the more limited becomes its area of effective operations and the more restricted the number of people who will be duped into serving its evil purposes.

Along with informing the public of the truth concerning communism, and publicly exposing it as the foreign-inspired conspiracy that it is, another effective method of fighting communism is by prosecuting communists for violations of Federal law.

Q. Where can the private citizen go to get authentic information about organizations and individuals he suspects?

A. To determine the organizations which have been designated by the Attorney General pursuant to Executive Order 10450, one should either contact the Department of Justice or refer to issues of the "Fèderal Register" dated May 12, 1953, July 21, 1953, and October 6, 1953, which contain all designations by the Attorney General up to September 25, 1953. The fact that a particular organization does not appear on the Attorney General's list, however, does not necessarily mean that the organization is clear of subversive influ-

ence. Actually that organization may be under investigation, and an individual should be careful of what organizations he joins and should keep his eyes open to detect communist influence. With regard to obtaining authentic information about individuals he suspects as being communists, there is no one single source to which he can go to obtain complete information. The FBI must necessarily keep the contents of its files confidential.

Q. How can the individual assist the FBI in its investigation of subversive activities?

A. By voluntarily furnishing any information he may have concerning subversive activities to the FBI, and by cooperating in any way he can when requested to by the FBI, the individual is not only rendering valuable assistance but is also measuring up to the responsibilities of good citizenship.

Q. Specifically, if a person feels he has valuable information, how should he go about offering it?

A. He can write to me personally, he can go in person to the nearest field office of the FBI; or he can call the nearest field office and arrange for a Special Agent to contact him. The telephone number of the appropriate FBI Office is listed on the first page of all telephone directories. He can be certain that his assistance is appreciated and that his identity will be kept confidential if he so desires.

Q. There is a certain amount of confusion in the public mind concerning the functions of the FBI. Some people feel that "we should not permit Congress to go after alleged subversives since this is a function of the FBI." Others maintain that the FBI could round up all the subversives in the country on short notice; therefore, what are we worrying about?

For the record, will you explain just what the FBI can do and what it is not permitted to do?

A. By Presidential directives, legislative enactments and instructions of the Attorney General the FBI has the responsibility of investigating espionage, sabotage, subversive activities and related domestic intelligence matters and of serving as a coordinating agency for the dissemination of domestic intelligence information to other Federal agencies authorized to receive it. The FBI is a fact-finding agency and does not institute prosecutive action on the basis of its investigative findings. In-

formation reflecting a violation of Federal law is referred to the Department of Justice for an opinion as to prosecution. Any information received which pertains to the responsibilities of some other government agency is transmitted directly to that agency without recommendation or evaluation.

While the FBI for years has exposed the communist conspiracy, it cannot divulge the confidential details of its files as to specific individuals. A Congressional committee having the power of subpoena and contempt citation is able to focus public attention on specific situations.

Q. Can a person who believes that the FBI has wrongly pegged him as a communist present his side of the case so the record shows his version?

A. Not only can he present his version; but the FBI welcomes any such person's coming in and relating his story. We are a fact-finding organization and we are just as zealous to protect the innocent as we are to detect those who pose a threat to the internal security of our country.

Q. Ex-communists are held in low regard by some people who maintain that they shouldn't be trusted and their testimony is worthless. What is your experience with ex-communists in this respect? Have these people to any great extent redeemed themselves by the help they have given you?

A. The assistance which ex-communists have given to the FBI has been invaluable. Having had their eyes opened to the true nature of the communist conspiracy, many of them have re-evaluated the privileges of American citizenship, have realized the duties inherent in such citizenship, and, through making a full disclosure to the FBI of the information they possess, have made contributions of great value to the internal security of this country. The truth of their testimony has been verified by corroborating evidence. Many ex-communists have been tested by vigorous and searching cross-examination, and their opponents have been unable to contradict their testimony. Many of them have suffered ostracism, public e rebuke and social distrust as a result of their breaking with the Communist Party and testifying against it. All re-·ligions teach that redemption is possible for any man who sincerely repents and seeks to make amend for his errors. The sincerity of a former communist can be judged by his willingness to stand up and be counted and by taking positive action to attempt to rectify his wrongs. I am always glad to see ex-communists make their change of conscience and philosophy a matter of record, assume earnestly the responsibilities of good citizenship and join in the fight against the evil they formerly espoused, and I welcome the information which they

Q. We have asked about past and present dangers. Can you indicate what the communists are planning for 1954 and later?

can furnish.

A. The Communist Party has three primary plans for future action. One is the infiltration of labor. In this respect the party is concentrating on the infiltration of "right-led" unions, or non-communist-dominated unions, and labor unions in the basic industries. Its vicious purpose is both to influence the trade union movement in this country and to be on the ground floor in the event the labor movement ever forms a third major political party in the U. S.

A second diabolical plan is to infiltrate and strengthen its ties within the two major political parties in this country, in order to advance more effectively the interests of the Communist Party within the existing political framework and to bring about a new political realignment in this country on the basis of which the Communist Party hopes ultimately to be the dominating force.

A third and probably the most important plan is the continuation of the so-called "peace offensive." Here the communists are attempting to capitalize on the deep desire of the American people for peace. They would lay sole claim to any real efforts to achieve that goal; yet it is their Soviet masters who make the achievement of world peace

so difficult. In order that we may not be misled by communist peace propaganda, it is important that we understand the Marxist-Leninist distinction between two kinds of peace—lasting peace, obtained only after world revolution; and temporary peace, regarded as a tactical necessity as the tide of revolution ebbs and flows. In short, the peace which figures so prominently in communist propaganda today is a temporary tactical peace designed to strengthen the Soviet Union and to stupefy its adversaries.

Q. The lone individual often feels he can do nothing to fight communism, and in most cases there is not a great deal he can do. However, there are some things open to him. What are they?

A. Every loyal American citizen can and should join in the fight against the communist menace. These are some of the things each person can do:

1. Learn the facts about communism—its history and objectives, its program and techniques in this country. The better informed one becomes, the mortapidly he can detect communist influences and the more intelligently he can fight communism.

2. Through such media as the press and radio, keep up with Russia's stand on matters of foreign policy. The Communist Party in America will take the same position, and the party line will fluctuate as Soviet foreign policy changes. Sudden reversals in Soviet policy will cause members of the party to make sudden similar reversals in their pronouncements, which is one of the best ways to spot communists.

3. Become familiar with the names of organizations publicly cited as communist fronts, and refuse to join such groups, to sponsor their causes or to contribute to their fund drives.

4. Be alert to communist tactics in unions and other organizations. Gut-maneuver them. Keep them under control and in the minority at all times and attempt to eliminate or neutralize their effectiveness. Openly oppose their efforts to promulgate pro-communist activities or resolutions.

5. Keep communists out of official positions in schools, churches and other institutions where they can poison the minds and influence actions of youth.

6. Exercise your privilege to vote and keep communists and their sympathizers out of public office.

7. Develop an intelligent, participating interest in civic affairs and programs for social improvement. Don't let communists claim a monopoly in such matters or move in and direct established programs.

8. Report to the FBI immediately any pertinent information relating to subversive activities.

9. Conduct no private investigations of suspicious persons or organizations, but leave that to trained investigators who are authorized to perform such investigations. Do not become involved in the communist movement for whatever worth-while motives without first discussing the matter thoroughly with the FBI and establishing a cooperative relationship.

10. Learn as much as possible about America—its history, government, culture, laws and heritage of freedom; and make the practice of democracy its own bulwark against subversion. Speak up for America and work for America.

A Statement of Purpose

The American Legion, Department of Pennsylvania, is proud to distribute this celebrated article written by a distinguished American, J. Edgar Hoover.

Our purpose in doing this is to encourage the school children of Pennsylvania to think seriously about the menacing problem of Communism. We hope, too, that discussion groups guided by competent teachers will be organized so that, by the free exchange of ideas, the grave danger of Communism might be more clearly understood.

It is important to the future of America that our young people be encouraged to think about today's problems. In helping them to do this the American Legion is keeping faith with its precepts and fulfilling one of its main functions — service to God and Country.

PAUL R. SELECKY, State Commander American Legion, Pennsylvania

Memorandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

DATE: May 5, 1954

FROM

SUBJECT:

POSSIBLE INFILTRATION OF AMERICAN LEGION. FURNISHED BY DR. DAVID CLARK CABEEN. CHAIRMAN, AMERICANISM COMMITTEE, NEW YORK COUNTY ORGANIZATION OF AMERICAN LEGION, 500 PARK AVENUE, NEW YORK 22, NEW YORK

Belmont Clegg. Harbo Rosen Gearty Mohr... Winterrowd -Tele. Room -Holloman ---

Ladd

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SYNOPSIS:

In a letter dated April 21, 1954, captioned as above, New York Office set forth results of interview with Dr. David Clark Cabeen, who was interviewed by that office on March 25, 1954, at his own request. Cabeen is a retired university professor, member of American Legion, New York City and presently Chairman of the Americanism Committee of the New York County organization of the American Legion. Cabeen made allegations against four individuals in this organization. He advised one Louis J. Naftalison, an attorney, who is Vice Commander of New York county organization of American Legion and past Commander of General Duffy Post, is probably the "hatchet man" for the Anti-Defamation League. Naftalison has attacked the national operations of the American Legion on Americanism as un-American. Cabeen believes Naftalison possibly has infiltrated Legion and might be a hidden Communist although he fought the admission to his Post of a known Communist in 1952. Cabeen further alleges that present Commander of General Duffy Post Francis Herbert believes that Naftalison has possibly infiltrated the Legion in order to change its policies. Naftalison as Vice Commander of the county organization is next in line to be Commander. Also alleges that Brigadier General Robert Condon of the Air Force is unofficial boss of American Legion in New York City and that he and others intend to see that Condon does not nominate Naftalison to be Commander. If this happens, Cabeen states they are going to the Pentagon in order to stop it. Also makes allegations concerning one Murray H. Resni-Coff presently Counselor for veterans in Welfare Office of the American Legion. Resni-Coff also presently Vice Chairman of Americanism Committee of county organization. Cabeen feels Resni-Coff's objective is to defeat policies of the Legion on Americanism as defined in "The Firing Line." Also alleges Resni-Coff is a trouble maker and sabotages American Legion objectives on Americanism. Cabeen alleges that one Meyer Poses, a Vice Chairman of the Americanism Committee of the county organization is a "New York Post Liberal" and an "American For Democratic Action type of fellow." Cabeen also alleges one Harry Simon, a member of the Americanism Committee of the New York County organization shouts insults at meetings and generally obstructs the objectives of the Americanism Committee. Cabeen stated he has no legal evidence against the above individuals but the the and other members

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May 5, 1954

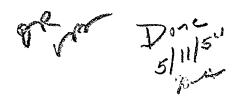
OTHER National Lawyers Guild v. Attorney General, 77 Civ 999

felt that certain persons might try to influence the policies of the Legion. New York Office advised developed as American Legion informant of that office in January. 1951.

developed by New York Office as an American Legion informant in May, 1951. Above four individuals not identifiable in Bufiles. In regard to Cabeen, Bufiles reflect that in 1937, we conducted laboratory examinations for Nashville, Tennessee, Police Department of anonymous typewritten letters which were sent to individuals in Nashville threatening harm because of annoyance by their dogs or their children. One David C. Cabeen, Professor of Foreign Languages at Vanderbilt University, was arrested as the sender. He denied guilt but assured Police Department no further letters would be sent if case was dismissed. As a result he was dismissed by Chancellor of Vanderbilt University. A contact of a suspected Russian agent was in contact with one D. C. Cabeen of 530 East 23rd Street, New York City during 1950. In 1953, we conducted "Loyalty of the Employees of the United Nations and other Public International Organizations" type investigation concerning Violet Abbott Cabeen also known as Mrs. David Clark Cabeen. investigation failed to reflect any derogatory information concerning Mrs. Cabeen. Investigation in this case by Memphis Office negative with regard to criminal record. Administrative page of the Memphis office report set forth considerable information concerning Dr. Cabeen's trouble in 1937. One individual who had received an anonymous letter in 1937 signed release after Dr. Cabeen paid \$300.00 and same individual believed detective who allegedly arrested Cabeen had been given a \$40.00 suit of clothes to "forget the whole thing." Investigation Vanderbilt University failed to reflect Dr. Cabeen was dismissed from his position. Who's Who in America reflects David Clark Cabeen was born in Wisconsin in 1886. instructor in French at various colleges and universities including Dartmouth, Cornell, University of Pennsylvania and Williams. Head of Department of Romance Languages at Vanderbilt from 1925 to Presently engaged in writing a seven volume bibliography on French literature. Served overseas during World War I. Has written numerous books and resides at 530 East 23rd Street, New York City.

RECOMMENDATION:

In view of the fact that Cabeenahas made serious allegations against high ranking American Legion officials particularly in regard to the Americanism Commission of the American Legion, it is recommended that we orally furnish the facts set forth in this memorandum to Mr. Lee Pennington, Director of the Americanism Commission of the American Legion on a most confidential basis.



Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

May 5, 1954

DETAILS

BACKGROUND:

In a letter dated April 21, 1954, and captioned the same as this memorandum, the New York Office advised that Dr. David Clark Cabeen telephonically contacted that office on March 23 and stated that he was desirous of making certain information available. He was interviewed by an Agent of the New York Office on March 25, 1954. Cabeen advised in interview that he resides at 530 East 23rd Street and is retired. He was a former professor at the University of Nebraska and other schools. Although he is presently retired, Cabeen related he is working on a seven-volume book series which will be a French bibliography. He also related that he is listed in Who's Who in America.

Cabeen stated that he is a member of the Seventh Regiment-Post of the American Legion, Armory, New York City, and is presently Chairman of the Americanism Committee of the New York County organization of the American Legion, 500 Park Avenue, New York 22, New York.

Cabeen related the following to the New York Office:

Louis J. Naftalison of 440 East 23rd Street, New York 10, New York, is an attorney employed by the New York State Labor Arbitration Bureau. Naftalison is a Vice Commander of the New York County organization of the American Legion and is a past commander of the General Duffy Post, Peter Cooper Village, New York City. Cabeen stated he feels that Naftalison is the "hatchet man" for the Anti-Defamation League. Cabeen further stated Naftalison in his own American Legion Post has attacked the national operations of the American Legion on Americanism as expressed in "The Firing Line" as being un-American. Cabeen stated Naftalison also attacked his program of Americanism in the county organization.

Cabeen believes that Naftalison possibly has infiltrated and rose in the ranks of the Legion in order to influence and change policies. Cabeen feels that Naftalison could be a hidden Communist, but what he, Naftalison, is attempting to do is more dangerous that what a Communist could do, for on the surface Naftalison is not a Communist.

Cabeen related in 1952 a reported Communist, name unknown, had attempted to join the General Duffy Post and

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

May 5., 1954

Naftalison as Commander had objected and went to court to prove a Communist can not be a Legionnaire and to bar this reported Communist from membership. Cabeen related that all the New York City newspapers carried this matter and Cabeen feels that Naftalison might have done this in order to establish an anti-Communist position.

Cabeen could not definitely state what Naftalison's policies are, for he says he is a very clever man. However, in general, Cabeen stated Naftalison is against the national Americanism policy of the American Legion. At meetings of the county organization Naftalison objects, forces laws, and attempts to postpone any steps the county organization might contemplate taking in regard to their Americanism program.

Cabeen further stated that Francis Herbert, Commander of the General Duffy Post, 1953, and James Donovan, who is active in the Veterans of Foreign Wars, believe that Naftalison has possibly infiltrated the Legion in order to change its policies. Cabeen stated that Naftalison as Vice Commander is next in line to be Commander of the county organization.

Cabeen stated that Brigadier General Robert Condon of the Air Force is the unofficial boss of the American Legion in New York City and that he and others intend to see that Condon does not nominate Naftalison to be Commander and if Condon is going to nominate Naftalison, Cabeen stated they are going to go to the Pentagon in order to stop it.

Cabeen stated another person who could be a hidden Communist in the Legion is Murray H. Resni-Coff, who resides at 390 First Avenue, New York 10, New York, and who is presently Counselor for veterans in the Welfare Office of the American Legion, Room 809, 500 Park Avenue, New York City.

Cabeen stated Resni-Coff is presently the Vice Chairman of the Americanism Committee of the county organization and is past Commander of United Manhattan Post Number Nine. Cabeen stated he feels that Resni-Coff's objective is to defeat the policies of the Legion on Americanism as defined in "The Firing Line." For example, Cabeen stated the American Legion is 100 per cent behind the policies of the New York "Journal American" and the Hearst papers in regard to Americanism and that Resni-Coff would be one that would be against the policies of the "Journal American" and the Hearst papers concerning Americanism.

Cabeen stated that Resni-Coff is a troublemaker and sabotages the American Legion objectives on Americanism.

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

May 5, 1954

Cabeen placed Resni-Coff in the same category as Naftalison. Cabeen stated that Resni-Coff is a firm supporter of New York Senator Lehman and nominated Lehman to receive the 1954 Americanism Award of the American Legion. Cabeen stated his candidate for the 1954 Americanism Award of the Legion is J. B. Matthews, former chief investigator with Senator Joseph McCarthy.

Cabeen stated that Meyer Poses, 11 West 42nd Street, New York City, who resides at 441 East 20th Street, New York 10, New York, is present Commander of the General Duffy Post and a Vice Chairman on the Americanism Committee of the county organization. Cabeen stated that he did not believe Poses is a Communist, but that he is a "New York Post Liberal" and an "American For Democratic Action type of fellow," who Cabeen feels should not represent the American Legion on a policy level. Cabeen did not feel that Poses is 100 per cent behind the Americanism program of the American Legion.

Cabeen furnished the name of Harry Simon, 1441
Broadway, New York City, as presently being a member of the
Americanism Committee of the New York County organization.
Cabeen stated that Simon shouts insults at the meeting and
generally obstructs the objectives of the Americanism Committee.
He did not believe that Simon is a Communist.

Cabeen in conclusion stated that he had no legal evidence against any of the foregoing persons, but it is a feeling of his, as a result of being in contact with them in the Legion. Cabeen related that he and other members felt it was not beyond the realm of possibility that certain persons might try to influence the policies of the Legion.

Cabeen was advised that this Bureau is always interested in receiving information concerning Communists, but by an Executive Order of the Attorney General of the United States is precluded from making any information available to nongovernmental organizations.

The following information, contained in the New York Office, relative to the individuals mentioned above appears to be identifiable with them.

Louis J. Naftalison

A clipping from the "New York Herald Tribune," a daily newspaper, on February 16, 1949, related that Sidney Reiter resigned as a member of the General Duffy Post Number 144 of

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9

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

May 5, 1954

the American Legion after he admitted he was a Communist. The case against Reiter began in 1946 when Louis J. Naftalison said he saw Reiter distributing copies of the "Daily Worker."	
	b7:
Meyer Poses OTHER National Lawyers Guild v. Attorney General, 77 Civ. 999	
Hearings before a Special Committee on Un-American Activities, Appendix, Part 9, Page 1133, reflect than an undated exhibit of the Lawyers' Security League, 38 Park Row, New York, New York, listed Meyer Poses, not otherwise identified, as Secretary of the organization.	97D

INFORMATION IN BUREAU FILES:

The four individuals against whom Cabeen made allegations are not identifiable in Bureau files.

Dr. David Clark Cabeen

Bufiles reflect the following concerning Cabeen. In 1937 the Laboratory did some document examination work at the

May 5, 1954

request of the Memphis Office in connection with some threatening letters which had been sent to various individuals by one David C. Cabeen, Professor of Foreign Languages at Vanderbilt University. This case was handled by the Nashville Police Department who had arrested Dr. Cabeen for sending these letters. Dr. Cabeen initially denied that he was the sender but subsequently stated that if he were not prosecuted on charges growing out of these letters, he would see to it personally that no further such letters were sent. As a result of this matter, Dr. Cabeen was dismissed by the Chancellor of Vanderbilt University. The letters threatened various individuals in Nashville because their dogs and children annoyed the writer who did not identify himself in these letters. (9-2954)

During 1950 considerable investigation was conducted in the case entitled "Stephen Laird." Stephen Laird is an American writer believed to be a Russian espionage agent. One of his contacts was one Helen Deutsch. A confidential informant of the New York Office advised that while Miss Deutsch was staying at the Hotel Marguery in New York City in November and December of 1949, she contacted one D. C. Cabeen of 530 East 23rd Street, New York City. (65-58367-157)

On April 28, 1953, we initiated investigation in the case "Violet Abbott Cabeen aka. Mrs. David Clark Cabeen, Loyalty of the Employees of the United Nations and other Public International Organizations." Investigation in this case was completed on June 9, 1953, and failed to reflect any derogatory information concerning Mrs. Cabeen.

Investigation in this case by the Memphis Office was negative as regards a criminal record. On the administrative page of the Memphis Office report, there was considerable information set forth regarding Dr. Cabeen's trouble in 1937. Individuals interviewed recalled that Dr. Cabeen in 1937 had a nervous breakdown, took leave of absence from the Vanderbilt University and then had some trouble in his neighborhood. One Mrs. John Conner, who was one of the individuals threatened by an anonymous letter in 1937, was interviewed and stated no charges were ever filed against Dr. Cabeen. She stated that Dr. Cabeen gave her \$300 and she signed a release for him. She stated that she understood that Chester Borum, the detective who allegedly arrested Dr. Cabeen in 1937, was given a \$40 suit of clothes to "forget the whole thing" which he apparently did. Investigation at Vanderbilt University failed to reflect that Dr. Cabeen was dismissed from his position. (138-256)

May 5, 1954

Memorandum to Mr. Nichols

Who's Who in America:

Who's Who in America reflects that David Clark Cabeen was born at Baraboa, Wisconsin, June 24, 1886. He received his A.B. Degree from Syracuse University in 1908, an A.M. Degree from Cornell University in 1919, and a Ph.D. Degree from the University of Pennsylvania in 1923.

He was an instructor in French at Dartmouth College from 1915 to 1916 and at Cornell University from 1916 to 1919 and at the University of Pennsylvania from 1919 to 1923. He was Assistant Professor of French at Williams College from 1923 to 1925, head of the Department of Romance Languages at Vanderbilt University from 1925 to 1938, Acting Professor of French at the University of Cincinnati 1938 and visiting Professor of French at the University of Nebraska 1939 to 1941.

He has been editor of "A Critical Bibliography of French Literature" since 1941 (7 volumes, 2 volumes published 1947-1951).

He was a member of the Seventh Infantry, New York National Guard, from 1913 to 1915. He served with the American Ambulance Corps in France in 1916 and served with the United States Army in France and Italy during 1917 and 1918.

He is a member of the Modern Language Association, Phi Gamma Delta and the American Legion.

He has written numerous books and resides at 530 East 23rd Street, New York City.

May 21, 1954

Honorable Arthur Connell tional Commander he American Legion 08 K Street, Northwest ashington, D. C.

ear Mr. Connell:

Following the National Executive Committee meeting of the American Legion in Indianapolis, Special Agent Herman O. Bly advised me of your very kind comments at the conclusion of his remarks.

I can assure you it was a pleasure indeed to make Mr. Bly available to speak off-the-record to those in attendance.

We of the FBI certainly appreciate the vigorous manner in which the American Legion has dedicated itself over the years to combating the menace of Communism in the United States. The aid and assistance which the American Legion has extended the FBI has been a real source of encouragement and a bulwark to our efforts.

I appreciate very much the kind compliments which you paid the Bureau and my administration of it at the conclusion of Mr. Bly's remarks.

CC: Mr. Jones 132

LBN:arm

Nichols
Belmont
Clegg
Glavin
Harbo
Rosen
Tracy
Mohr
Trotter
Winterrowd
Tele. Room
Holloman
Miss Gandy

Tolson

Ladd_

MAY 2 4 1954 COMM-FBI

UR

THE AMERICAN LEGION

WASHINGTON OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL COMMANDER 1608 K STREET, N. W., WASHINGTON 6, D.C.

By letter dated 5-10-54 M: [1 invited the Director to be the guest sie let at the National Convention of the American Lagion on August 30, 1954. Declined by letter of 5-17-54, stating Director would be out of the city during this period.

Mr. Boardman Mr. Michals Mr. Belmont. Mr. Glavin. Mr. Harbo. Mr. Rosen. Mr. Talim_ Mr. Trany. Mr. Mohr . Mr. Winterrowd_ Tele. Ro. m __ Mr. Holi man Miss G

Mr. Tolson.

May 21, 1954

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I am indeed sorry to hear that you will be unable to be with us at our National Convention. I know that I speak for all the Legionnaires when I say that your presence will be sorely missed. However, I certainly can understand how crowded your schedule must be and I hope you will be able to be with us on some future occasion.

With kindest regards, I am

Sincerely yours,

ARTHUR J CONVELL

National Commander

AJC/rb

26 is hooking

Ace Memorandum • United States Government

Mr. Tolson

L. B. Nichols

Cline : 100 1 /2 . well

SUBJECT: TSTATUTE OF LIMITATIONS APPLICABLE TO

TREASON, ESPIONAGE, SABOTAGE AND SEDITION

FORMER INSPECTOR LEE PENNINGTON

THE AMERICAN LEGION AMERICANISM COMMISSION

At 10:20 a.m., 5/17/54, Wick in my office received a call from former Inspector Lee Pennington. Pennington said that Senator Butler of Maryland has introduced Senate Bill S.2800 which increases to 15 years the Statute of Limitations applicable to treason, espionage, sabotage, sedition and subversive activities. The bill is now pending in the Judiciary Committee of the Senate (introduced in the Senate 1/22/54) and hearings on it may be held soon.

Pennington said the National Legislative Director of The American Legion will in all probability be called to testify during the hearings.

It would be much appreciated, said Pennington, inasmuch as The American Legion is in favor of \$5.2800 passage, if the Director could "off the record" inform Pennington just how the Bureau feels about extending the Statute on these offenses to 15 years. Also, said Pennington, he would like to have the names of several individuals who were not prosecuted but who could have been had S.2800 been in effect during the war years.

Pennington went on to say The American Legion is much in favor of S.2800 but has no cogent reason to support the bill in view of its lack of information on who could be, or could have been, prosecuted had the Statute not run on such persons.

Pennington said the National Legislative Director of The American Legion would use the information furnished him by the Bureau as ammunition in his testimony on behalf of the bill but would not, of course, attribute it to FBI sources.

We have not submitted to the Department any views expressing the Bureau's position on a proposed 15-year Statute of Limitations involving treason, espionage, sabotage, sedition and subversive activities. To ascertain the identity of the individuals who could have been prosecuted would entail considerable research.

cc - Mr. Boardman cc - Mr. Belmont

cc - Mr. Rosen

RECORDED - 19 /- 17 /- 10 6 5
INDEXED - 18

JARRECONDED COPY FILED #

May 20, 1954

Memorandum to Mr. Tolson from L. B. Nichols RE: STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS APPLICABLE TO TREASON, ESPIONAGE, SABOTAGE AND SEDITION FORMER INSPECTOR LEE PENNINGTON THE AMERICAN LEGION AMERICANISM COMMISSION

RECOMMENDATION:

I think Pennington should be advised that this is a legislative matter and, of course, as he well knows, it has been the Director's policy over the years to not comment on matters of a legislative nature and therefore we cannot offer him any assistance. With respect to the names of individuals who could have been prosecuted under a 15-year Statute of Limitations, it is suggested that Pennington be told that, of course, this is a policy matter for Departmental determination and again we cannot help him,

I Pennington was so advised 5/25/54.

RECORDED - 97

May 21, 1954

1066

EX-123

Mr. Lee R. Fennington
Director
Americanism Commission
The American Legion
1608 K Street, Northwest
Washington, D. C.

Dear Leo:

With reference to our conversation regarding Herman Ply's remarks before the National Executive Committee of the American Legion in Indianapolis, you will recall that Mr. Bly spoke with the understanding that it would be off-the-record.

I thoroughly concur with you that Mr. Bly made a very fine presentation, but in view of the conditions under which Mr. Bly spoke, we cannot accede to your request to have his remarks printed in the digest. There will be no objection to merely pointing out that Mr. Bly spoke off-the-record. I know that you will understand the situation.

With best wishes and kind regards,

Sincerely,

Tolson
Ladd
Nichols
Belmont
Clegg
Glavin
Harbo
LBN:arm
Rosen
Tracy
Mohr
Trotter
Winterrowd
Tole. Roe
Holloman

HARO OF TANK. Nichols

THE AMERICAN LEGION

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS INDIANAPOLIS 6, IND.

MEMORANDUM TO: WM. F. HAUCK.

DIRECTOR, WASHINGTON OFFICE

May 17, 1954

Attached is the report of Herman O. Bly. If it is all right to carry any of this in the printed digest of minutes, will you let us know as soon as possible.

HENRY H. DUDLEY, National Adjutant

Lee Jodan them on thing years? Will you follow them on thing years?

C LINCL

94-1-17977 1066

EX-123

13 JUN 8 11954

REPORT OF HERMAN O. SLY Special Agent, FaI, to the National Executive Committee, The exertean Legion, Kay 2, 1950

> Moicalf, Mahan, Mahan & Corror Flotohor Trust Building, Indianapolis Shorthand Reporters

STANDARD FORM NO. hce Menor wrodum, UNITED SIAIRS GOVERNMENT Mr. Tolson / May 21, 1954 TO L. B. Nichols FROM Trotter 1- NATIONAL " Am HEAN ! SUBJECT: Holloman Miss Gandy ... There is attached hereto a transcript of Supervisor Herman O. Bly's address on Communism before the Executive Committee of the American Legion in Indianapolis which Mr. Pennington has handed me. Mr. Bly, from his address, did a very good job. His remarks were proper throughout. At the conclusion, the National Commander of the American Legion, Arthur J. Connell, complimented Bly on his presentation and observed that as the Director and Bly appreciated, the American Legion has been in the forefront of the fight against Communist for years and will continue to cooperate with the Bureau. He expressed his appreciation to Bly and asked him to extend his compliments to "your very fine and efficient boss, Mr. J. Edgar Hoover." Mr. Bly, of course, went to Indianapolis with the understanding that his address would be off-the-record. Pennington stated he saw nothing in the remarks that had not been used before in one way or another, and he could see no objection to publishing it in the digest of the minutes of the meeting. I told Lee at the time that Bly went out with the understanding he would speak offthe-record, and I did not see how we could do this, but I would be glad to read it over and contact him further. As a matter of principle, I do not think we should accede to Mr. Pennington's request that they print Mr. Bly's remarks and I have so advised Mr. Pennington by a personal note since he is out of town. I am also attaching a note to Mr. Bly commending him for a good job and to the National Commander for his remarks. cc: Mr. Jones LBN:arm 4-1-17998-1066X RECORDED-1 EX-123

Office Memorandum • united states government

: Mr. Tolson

DATE: June 8, 1954

FROM : L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

AMERICAN LEGION PERSONALITIES

At the invitation of former Inspector Lee Pennington, Viaterrowd DeLoach attended a luncheon meeting of the Post-Mortem Club on Holloman. Sizoo_ June 8, 1954. The Post-Mortem Club is made up of past officials of The American Legion and has in its membership various Congressmen and Senators, the head of the Veterans Administration, Federal Communications Commission and other individuals. Mr. Pennington made a brief talk at the luncheon meeting at which time he praised the FBI and introduced DeLoach to the assembled group.

Mr. Pennington additionally had as his guest Lou/Brissie, Commissioner of American Legion Baseball, and Dr. Alfred J. Suraci, well known plastic surgeon.

Following the luncheon, Mr. Brissie, who is in former professional baseball great and a World War II veteran, and Dr. Suraci accepted DeLoach's invitation for a tour of FBI facilities. Following their tour they were most commendable in their praise of the FBI.

ACTION:

For information.

INDEXED-140 EX-129

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13 JUN 11 1954

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Tele, Room

Miss Gandy -

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CHANGED TO

100-418228-7,

ATR 27 1955

June 21, 1954

Wr. Low Brissic Commissioner American Legion Junior Baseball National Headquarters The American Legion Indianapolis, Indiana

Dear Mr. Brissie:

Inspector C. D. Deloach has informed me concerning your recent tour of our facilities of the FBI here in Washington and of the many commendatory remarks you made concerning our work during your tour. Needless to say, I am most appreciative of your remarks and of your interest in the FBI.

I am also advised that you desire a statement from me relative to the participation in athletics on the part of young boys. I am happy to be of service to you in this regard and sincerely hope that the following statement is along the line you have in mind:

"The excess energy inherent in every normal, healthy child must inevitably be burned up in some type of activity. If that energy can be directed into constructive channels, the path to potential delinquency may be blocked effectively. For this reason, it is my belief that the value of athletics as a builder of citizens must be emphasized. Not only does the field of athletics afford an opportunity to burn energy which might otherwise be put to less wholesome use, but it also offers a fine opportunity for our youth to learn the code of 'fair play' so basic to our form of free government."

COMM — FBI JUN 2 1 1954 MAILED 31

play' so basic to our form of free government. Tolson Boardman ____ Nichols Belmont /cc - Mr. Jones 👫 od MISI A 12 MI bu Harbo _ Mohr Parsons Rosen. JUNI 2/28/9540 LEAC S F : 13 -Winterrowd ___ Holloman Juli Tele. Room?_50

lir. Lou Brissic

Please feel free to call upon us at any time we may be of assistance to you.

Sincoroly yours,

T. Migur Mora

UNITE

TES GOVERN

DATE: June 21

Mr. Tolson

L. B. Nichols

SUBJECT:

STATEMENT FROM DIRECTOR FOR

LAMERICAN LEGION BASEBALL PROGRAM

Clegg Harbo Rosen Tracy Trotter Winterrowd __ Tele. Room -

Miss Gandy _

Lou Brissie, a former Cleveland Indians pitcher and now Commissioner of Junior League Baseball for the American Legion, has contacted DeLoach relative to the Director issuing a statement concerning the value of athletics for young boys. Brissie indicated that a statement from a man of Mr. Hoover's stature would be of inestimable value to him in carrying on his duties as Commissioner of Junior League Baseball in the American Legion. He was advised that this matter would be discussed with the Director and that he would be contacted later.

There appears to be no objections to issuing a statement to Brissie to be used for the above-mentioned purpose. Files contain no information regarding Brissie and it was observed that during a recent tour of the Bureau taken by him, he appeared to be a very clean-cut individual who admired the FBI and its work very much.

The following statement is recommended:

"The excess energy inherent in every normal healthy child must inevitably be burned up in some type of activity. If that energy can be directed into constructive channels, the path to potential delinquency may be blocked effectively. For this reason, it is my belief that the value of athletics as a builder of citizens must be emphasized. Not only does the field of athletics afford an opportunity to burn energy which might otherwise be put to less wholesome use, but it also offers a fine opportunity for our youth to learn the code of 'fair play' so basic to our form of free government.'

ACTION:

There is attached a letter to Mr. Brissie which includes the statement as mentioned above.

- Mr. Jones

THE AMERICAN LE

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS

700 NORTH PENNSYLVANIA ST .-- P. O. BOX 1055

INDIANAPOLIS 6, IND.

June 29, 1954

IN REPLY REFER 65122-65 TO DATE AND NO.

> Mr. Tolon Mr. Post

Mr. In hr ...

Mr. Parades Mr. Rosen_

Tele. Room. _ Mr. Holloman.... Miss Gandy...

Mr. 8' '' ... Mr. What wrowd

Mr. I

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation United States Department of Justice Washington 25, D. C.

My dear Mr. Hoover:

I am sorry for the delay in replying to your letter of June 21st, but I have been out of town attending the National Federation of State High School Athletic Associations Convention.

17774

My visit and tour of your facilities was most enjoyable. Inspector DeLoach was most considerate in conducting me during my tour.

We of The American Legion feel that through out program we can render more service to the youth of our country. I have only been associated with our National program the last three months, and I can say truthfully that I am much more impressed with its importance that I was in the past. I only hope that we will be able to make improvements that should contribute even more to the young people and the good of our country.

Your statement concerning the participation of young boys in athletics is certainly appreciated. It was considerate of you to take time out from a busy schedule to get this to us. I am hoping to use this in an article concerning the effect of athletics on the lives of young men.

Again let me thank you and if I can ever be of any service, please don't hesitate to call.

With kindest regards.

Sincerely.

mmissioner

American Legion Junior Baseball

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12000 3 2 2000

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Office Memoranaum • united states government Mr. Tolson him GDATE: June 29, 1954 Nichold Felmont. FROM L. B. Nichols SUBJECT: NELL As you know the American Legion convention will be held Washington the end of August. We can anticipate problems in connection with tours. While I have never seen a Legion convention, from all reports the boys have a good time. The question comes up on tours. Whenever we try to handle more than 3,000 people a day we simply do not put our best foot forward. It is known that in cities where the Legion conventions have been held in previous years, hotels for example cleared out the lobbies as a matter of self protection. I doubt that we should close the Bureau to tourists, however, I do feel that we should take tours only to the limit of our capacity. In this connection, Orville Crouch, who is getting up a booklet for the Legion convention, inquired if it would be satisfactory to list the FBI tour in a booklet being printed by Coca Cola as souvening, for the American Legion convention. I can see no objection to this/think that he should also point out that our facilities are limited and visitors will be taken to the capacity of our facilities at which time there will either have to be a wait or else visitors will have, to return at some other time. cc - Mr. Jones cc - Tour Room LBN:rcw

RECORDED-27, 11/-1-1741 1-1073

MASS

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Office Memorandum • united states government

Mr. Tolson

DATE: June 30, 1954

FROM

L. B. Nichols

Harbo Rosen Tamm

SUBJECT:

TOUR OF THE FBI

9:00 a.m., July 28, 1954

BOYS STATE" REPRESENTATIVES

Winterrowd. Holloman

Lee Pennington called by my office on June 30, 1954. He advised that the American Legion is playing host on July 28, 1954, to approximately 96 boys from the 48 states throughout the country. These boys have been selected as the most outstanding young men in their communities. They have attended state encampments sponsored by the American Legion and are now being honored with a tour of Washington.

Lee desires to bring this group to the Bureau at 9:00 a.m., July 28, 1954. He requested that a tour be given them and that following the tour, the boys be allowed to assemble in one of our classrooms in the Training Division where a short talk could be afforded them by, a representative of the FBI. The classroom talk will last approximately fifteen minutes.

You will recall that we have done this same thing for several years. We have had a healthy response as a result of showing these youngsters through the FBI.

It is my recommendation that we afford this group the same courtesy as always, and that DeLoach and Special Agent Hanning be designated to meet with the boys in one of our classrooms and give brief talks to them at that time. You have previously approved both DeLoach and Hanning to work with the American Legion.

Pennington desired to know if the boys could meet with the Director. He was advised that it was not known as to whether the Director would be in town on that particular date or not; however, that most certainly the Director would INDEXED FOR know of his request.

> RECORDED -ACTION: As recommended above.

cc: Mr. Holloman

Mr. Jones

Mr. Morgan

CDD:arm

Tolson Nichols # Belmont Glavin Tracy Mohr

July 8, 1954

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RECORDED - 84

INDEXED - 84

EX-129

Mr. Lee B. Pennington Director National Americanism Commission The American Legion 🙃 1603 L Street, Northwest Vashington, D. C.

Dear Lee:

It was indeed kind of you to write he on July 1, 1954. As you suggested, I will be happy to make Inspector C. D. De Locch available to confer with members of the National Americanism Commission and the Convention Americanism Committee during your convention Deing held in washington the last two days of August and the fifst two days of September. He will also be present then tile National Americanism Commission meets in Indignapolis, Indiana. Flease be sure to let us know then the Cate for that meeting has been arranged.

Inspector De Locch, I know, is looking forward to conferring with your fellow members.

Lay I also take this opportunity to thank you for your nate of July 2, 1954, advising ne of the letter you me received from Mr. W. L. Dencese. Both Special Agent Ponald G. Hanning and I are grateful for his generous comments.

MAILED 16 JUL 9 ~ 1954 COMM. FR

Tolson.

Glavin_

Harbo. Rosen

Tamm. Tracy Mohr.

Winterrowd Tele. Room

Holloman_

Sincerely;

cc - With copy of incoming of 7-1-54, Inspector C. D. De Loach,

cc - Personnel file of Mr. D. G. Hanning, with copy of incoming of 7-2-54.

NOTE: Donald G. Hanning, EOD as SA on 1-6-47, he is GS-13, assigned Crime Redords Section.

ELT:es:dpp

THE AMERICAN LE NATIONAL AMERICANISM COMMISSION

DEDOXANSASSOCIASOCIOCX 1608 K Street, N.W. Washington, D. C. >

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL DIRECTOR

July 1, 1954

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Due to the fact that Inspector C. D. DeLoach is handling the liasion between the Federal Bureau of Inspection and The American Legion, it would be very much appreciated if you would make him available to confer with members of the Americanism Commission and the Convention Americanism Committee at the time of our National Convention here in Washington which will be held on the last two days of August and the first two of September.

It is further requested that at such times as the Americanism Commission meets in Indianapolis within 45 days after the close of the National Convention, that Inspector DeLoach be assigned to meet with the Americanism Commission and likewise become acquainted with the top officials of the National Executive Committee.

Assuring you of my appreciation of your cooperation,

I am

Sincerely yours,

Lee R. Pennington, Director National Americanism Commission

LRP:mc

on ('Species and Siet).

Calo 1-1-54

ELT

74-1-179721

Mr. Tolson Mr. Boardman Mr. Nichols

Mr. Belmont Mr. Harbo..

Mr. Mohr_

Mr. Rosen. Mr. Tamm.

Mr. Sizoo...

Miss Gandy_

Mr. Winterrowd_ Tele. Room. Mr. Holloman_

Mr. Parsons.

HE AMERICAN LEGION NATIONAL AMERICANISM COMMISSION HIDIANAPOLISHINO. 1608 K Street, N. W. Washington, D. C.

July 2, 1954

Honorable J. Edgar Hoover, Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Department of Justice Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL DIRECTOR

> I am in receipt of a letter dated June 25 from W. L. DeWeese, Director, Junior Activities, The American Legion of Ohio, informing me that Don Hanning "did a grand job and we very much appreciated his being at Boys' State."

I thought you would like to know that Don did an excellent job for the Bureau.

Sincerely yours,

Lee R. Pennington, Director National Americanism Commission

LRP:mc

RECORDED - 84

Mr. Telson Mr. Boardman Mr. Nikeul Mir. Balmon

Mr. Harbo

Mr. Mohr

Mr. Parsons Mir. Rosen

Mir. Tarren

Mir. Lizad

Mir. W. irrowdl Wele. Room Er. Helioman Miss Candy.

Pr. James F. O'Neil Publisher American Legion Magazine 580 Fifth Avenue New York 36. New York

Dear Mr. O'Neil:

I am most appreciative of the invitation you extended he through Mr. Lee Pennington on July 15, 1954, to be the principal speaker at the New Jersey State American Legion Convention to be held at wildwood, New Jersey, on September 10, 1954. It has always been a source of great pleasure for me to accept engagements of this nature; however, as of late, I have been forced to decline all speaking engagements for the near future in view of the heavy pressure of my official duties.

I am sure that you will understand my inability to accept your kind invitation. I have advised Mr. Fennington separately of the fact that I regrettably will not be able to be with you on the date mentioned.

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July 12, 1954

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EX. - 112

Mr. William F. Morton, Jr. Attorney and Counsellor at Law 122 Wickham Avenue Middletown, New York

Dear Mr. Norton:

Thank you very much for your letter of July 7, 1954, with enclosure.

It was indeed kind of you to send me the newspaper story concerning the speech which Mr. George F. Roesch
gave before the Orange County American Legion Convention.

I deeply appreciate your thoughtfulness.

Eincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

ELT:wa

HAILED 16
JUL 1 3 1954
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Tolson
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Tele. Room
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Miss Gandy_

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WILLIAM F. NORTON, JR. ATTORNEY & COUNSELLOR AT LAW 122 WICKHAM AVENUE MIDDLETOWN, NEW YORK MIDDLETOWN 2-2365

July 7, 1954

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover Director Federal Bureau of Investigation Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

Upon my return to Middletown after a business trip I came upon the enclosed news item in the Middletown Times-Herald of June 28,1954.

George F. Roesch, one of the outstanding attorneys in Orange County was extremely helpful to me in confidential inquiries as resident agent for the Bureau at Middletown. He has always been a firm supporter of you in your great work as Director of the F. B. I. I might therefore suggest that a complimentary letter from you referring to his speech at the Orange County American Legion Convention would be a practical way of returning some of the courtesies the Bureau has received from him.

Sincerely,

WILLIAM F. NORTON, JF

ferme, SA

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EX. - 113

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Roesch Speaker On Communism at Legion Meeting

WEST POINT — The deceptive newly coined outcry against "guilt by association" is just another instance of communist strategy trying to distort and pervert American safeguards against unfounded accusations, George F. Roesch, Middletown attorney, said in his address before the Orange County American Legion Convention at Hotel Thayer, West Point yesterday. Mr. Roesch spoke on "The Legion's Part in National Security."

Some well meaning but misguided American citizens have fallen for communist suggestions under the guise of free-thinking and free speech, Mr. Roesch said. "Communism is a fanatical zealot's creed—a way of thinking sid doing that is more fanatical than any religious cult ever was or could be. It is based on the concept that all existing government must first be destroyed to make way for the Marxist creed that man exists only as a tool of the state." he told the assemblage that gathered for the election of officers.

Victor E. DeMouth of Warwick was named commander of the Orange County American Legion. Other officers presented by the nominating committee and elected unanimously were Vincent A. Cahillof Newburgh, Harry Silvers of Port. Jervis and Daniel Mallon of Montgomery, vice commanders; Samuel Rollings of Middletown, treasurer; and Charles Groopin of Port Jervis, chaplain.

Mr. Roesch who was the guest speaker after the election and dinner, suggested in his speech four points to fight communism: First, the communist party should be outlawed as a political party in the United States; second, the abuses of the privilege of invoking the fifth amendment should be corrected; third, the Statute of Limitations should be amended so that it cannot be invoked to defeat prosecution against any one indicated for treason or any crime involving conspiracy to overthrow our government; and fourth, the use of evidence procured by wire tapping should be permitted in all cases involving treason, acts of subversion or conspiracy to commit acts of treason or subversion against the government.

"It has been said that the communist hates the American Legion, and no doubt these four remedies would increase that hatred," Mr. Roesch asserted

Roesch asserted.

The convention passed resolutions calling for continued investigations of communism until all subversives are rooted out and calling upon New York State to outlaw the communist party as a political party.

94-1-17998-1077

ENCLOSURE

fice Membrandum • UNITED STATES GOVERNMEN

TO

The Director

DATE: 7/8/54

> Tele. Room -Holloman

FROM

The Executives Conference

SUBJECT:

Present at the Executives Conference July 7, 1954, were Messrs. Tolson, Mohr, Trotter, Parsons, J. E. Edwards. Hennrich, Boardman, Rosen and Mason.

The Conference considered a suggestion received earlier by the Director relating to special programs of the Bureau and the solution proposed by the suggester is set forth along with the problem as he sees it.

SPECIAL PROGRAMS

- Some agents in the field seem to think that the special programs of the Bureau constitute a problem. By this is meant they are of the opinion these programs take too much of their time away from their investigative work.
 - When referring to special programs they include:
 - America W Legion / Program I.
 - Firearms Program
 - З. Police School Programs
 - In-Service Program
 - Office Conference Program.

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Again, it is not any one program they complain of so mission as they do the accumulative effects of all these programs on their work. They seem to think that some could be w eliminated and others curtailed; that they all do not? justify an agent's time as they now stand.

POSSIBLE SOLUTION

The sponsors, supports and participators in all special programs rarely ever want to see them eliminated Of course, we all know there is this or curtailed. difficulty.

cc: Mr. Harbo Mr. Sizoo

Attachment

5994-1-1717

- 1. On the contrary, they probably prefer to see them expanded and can think up different reasons for so doing.
- 2. At the same time, we don't want to eliminate or curtail the essentials.

The Conference did not feel that in view of the death of 2 Agents within the past 2 years the firearms program could be curtailed any more than it was a month ago. At that time the number of shoots were reduced and the Training and Inspection Division proposed field firearms training which would combine maximum shooting with minimum time involved.

The Conference did not see how the police training program of the FBI could be curtailed particularly in view of a recent re-evaluation by the Executives Conference and emphasis to the field in the form of SAC letters that we conduct police schools only when requested to do so and that there shall be no solicitation for such schools. It was further agreed by the Conference that many benefits result to the FBI from the police school program.

The Conference did not see how it would be possible to further curtail the office conference program. The office conference program is divided into 2 parts: A semiannual conference for each Agent and a separate semiannual conference for each noninvestigative employee; an annual conference with the heads of law enforcement agencies and a separate annual law enforcement conference on a specific topic, which is this year Interstate Transportation of Stolen Property. The Conference unanimously felt, however, that it would be desirable to communicate with the field and obtain their views as to benefits derived from these programs and conferences and an appropriate SAC Letter is attached.

The Conference unanimously recommended the field be asked to submit its views regarding the benefits currently obtained under the American Legion Program and their recommendations as to whether this program should be continued. The Domestic Intelligence Division is very much in favor of continuing the American Legion Program which began in 1950 and was established primarily for the purpose of keeping the American Legion from conducting its own investigations in the security fields.

Although it was believed by the Conference that a number of cases have been reported to the FBI by Legionnaires and much good will has resulted from this contact program, it is the desire of the Conference to obtain more specific facts as to actually how much good will has resulted from this contact and whether it is commensurate with the expense. The bulk of the American Legion Program is now over and within recent months streamlining devices have been designed. For example, a number of posts have been designated as rural so that it is only necessary to contact either the adjutant or the post commander and it is not necessary to make other contacts in those posts; the submitting of annual reports to the Bureau rather than quarterly as in the past, a technique recently approved by the Director, and the program now is principally one of contacting newly elected officials (elections held once a year) and annually making a telephone contact with those informants previously established. Upon receipt of views from the field, this program will be analyzed and reconsidered by the Executives Conference.

The Conference unanimously felt that the views of the field should be obtained as to the desirability of continuing the plant informant program. We develop informants in those plants handling classified contracts for any branch of the Armed Forces and in those plants believed by the SAC to be vital facilities. The benefits of this program aside from its strictly insurance value in time of emergency will be re-evaluated.

. The In-Service program for Agents has been made the topic of a separate memorandum which is being submitted separately to the Director.

It will be noted that the suggester felt that the sponsors, supporters and participators in all special programs rarely ever want to see them eliminated or curtailed and it was agreed by the Conference that the inspection staff has been ruthless in trying to curtail programs and has submitted a number of suggestions to the Conference as to curtailment. The recent curtailment of the American Legion and plant informant programs were results of Inspectors' views.

An appropriate SAC letter is attached.

Respectfully,
For the Conference

Clyde Tolson

July 20, 1954

<u> Ur. Harru U. Ganbrel</u>

Kansas City, Hissouri

Dear Hr. Gambrel:

It was a pleasure necting your the young men of Boys! Nation and the other American Legion representatives during your visit to FBI Meadquarters on July 28, 1954.

Enclosed is a photograph taken while you were in my office.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

NOTE: Search of Bufiles restricted to Missouri revealed no derogatory data re Gambrel. Address per Gambrel.

GMP:erc

Tolson. Boardman_ Nichols. Belmont. Glavin_ Harbo_ Rosen. Tamm_ Tracy. Mohr_ Tele. Room.

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JUL 30 1954
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b6 b7C STANDARD FORM NO. 64

Office Mendalm • united states government,

TO : Mr. Nichola M

DATE: July 29, 1954

Tracy _____ Gearty ____ Mohr ____ Winterrowd

Tele, Room

FROM: M. ANTOPOS

SUBJECT: BOYS' NATION
SPECIAL TOUR
JULY 28, 1954

You will recall that the members of Boys' Nation, an organization sponsored by the American Legion, toured the Bureau and met the Director on July 28, 1954. Two photographs were taken in the Director's Office: one of the President and Vice President of Boys' Nation with the Director and the second in which these boys, the Director, former Inspector Lee Pennington, now with the American Legion, and three other legionnaires appear.

A sufficient number of photographs have been prepared so that the two boys will receive one copy of each photograph and a group photograph may be forwarded to each of the other individuals in the photograph.

Attached are letters to the two boys and to the other individuals appearing in the photograph enclosing copies of the photographs.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1. That the Director autograph three photographs: one to Edward S. Perry, President of Boys' Nation; one to Richard Shore, Vice President; and one to Lee Pennington. Attached are letters transmitting these photographs.

2. That photographs be transmitted with the attached letters to other individuals appearing in the photograph but that they not be autographed by the Director.

No the Mark

Attachment sout 7-29-54

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EX. - 107

July 20, 1954

Br. Robert L. Harr

Albuquerque, New Mexico

Dear Mr. Marr:

Enclosed is a photograph taken in my office during your visit to FDI Meadquarters on July 23, 195%, which I thought you night like to have.

Sincerely yours,

The Live Hat alknowlde

Englosur

Search of Bufiles restricted to New Mexico revealed no derogatory data. Address per Marr.

CLTP:erc Tolson. Boardman_ Nichols, Belmont. Glavin_ Harbo. Rosen.

Tamm. Tracy_ Winterrowd_____ Tele, Room. Holloman_

Miss Gandy

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AUG 11 1954

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Boy's Nation President, Ike Exchange Pins and Puns

The President of the United whether they had been sight-States and the president of the seeing and had visited Mount Boys Nation exchanged puns Vernon. One lad answered, and pins yesterday, and Mr. "Yes, and the White House, Eisenhower's wardrobe was in-creased by one T-shirt.

Earlier, the boys spent the

A voice in the crowd of youths said: "You can play golf with it."

Later the President com-mented, "If I meet your successors next year, maybe I can wear your shirt."

Noting that the Boys Nation president is from Mississippi and its vice president, Richard S. Shore, 17, is a Coloradan, Mr. Eisenhower grinned and asked, "How did you ever work that out?"

Perry replied, "We compromised.

The President asked Perry, who was elected Monday, "You are just starting to serve

the boys shouted, "You've got

creased by one T-shirt.

While the 94 American Legion Boys Nation delegates crowded around President Eisenhower in the White House Tose garden, their president, Edward S. Perry, 17, of Bay St. Louis, Miss., presented a white and gold honorary membership pin and a medium-sized T-shirt to the Chief Executive.

Mr. Eisenhower held the blue and white shirt to his shoulders, chuckled and said:
"One thing about it—it will fit my grandson, but it won't fit me."

Earlier, the boys spent the morning at the Pentagon, where they were greeted by Secretary of Defense Charles E. Wilson, Admiral Arthur W. Radford, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff; Gen. Matthew Staff; Admiral Robert B. Carley, chief of naval operations; Gen. Lemuel C. Shepherd, Marine Corps commandant; Lieut. Gen. Emmett (Rosie) O'Donnell, Air Force deputy chief of staff, and Army Lieut. Gen. Lemuel Matthewson, Joint Staff director.

A voice in the crowd of Earlier, the boys spent the corning at the Pentagon,

"Don't be complacent about your school system." Carney warned. The schools' output of technically trained men "needs

to be stepped up in quantity and quality," he said. Carney predicted an atomic submarine would someday circumnavigate the globe without surfacing and that nuclear power plants would be adapted

"to virtually every type ship."
O'Donnell said that the Russians, "a plundering, murderous lot . . . think we'll go to any extreme to avoid fighting them. It's high time they learned differently." Our best You are just starting to serve defense, he said, is to "show a willingness to fight and a willingness to go to any honor-he boys shouted. "You've got to boys Nation delegates."

a lot of farmers here."

"Woll, I'm getting back into that," the President answered, a week. Among them is Mike apparently referring to his farm at Gettysburg, Pa.

The President asked the boys Boys' State.

Tolson . Boardman . Nichols . Belmont Harbo . Mohr . Parsons _ Rosen. Tamm Sizoo. Winterrowd Tele. Room _ Holloman . Gandy .

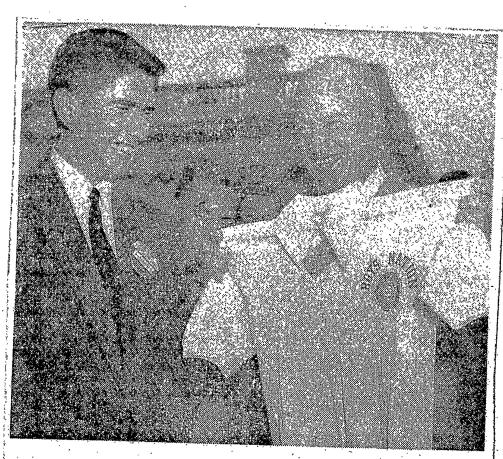
Wash. Post and Times Herald

Wash. News

Wash, Star

N. Y. Herald Tribune

94-1-1797-10 Ng YyMirror



President Eisenhower checks for size a white sport shirt presented to him by Edward S. Perry, president of the American

Legion Boys Nation. "One thing about it," the President said, "it will fit my grandson, but it won't fit me."

July 20, 1954

Mr. Lee E. Pennington Director National Americanism Commission The American Legion - 1/1 1600 K Street, Northwest Washington, D. C.

Dear Lee:

It certainly was a pleasure seeing you, the young men of Boys ! Nation and the other American Legion representatives in my office on July 23, 1954. surprised and highly honored when Mr. Edward Perry, President of Boys' Nation, presented me with the insignia pin and Boys' Nation tee shirt making me an honorary nember of Doys' Nation.

Copies of the photographs taken while you were here are being forwarded to the individuals appearing in them, and two copies of each are being enclosed for your use. One photograph has been autographed to you.

Sincercly,

Englosures (4) IdTE: Two glossy 8x10 photographs being furnished Pennington for possible future use. in American Legion publications. Pennington is in charge of Boys' Nation group which met the Director and toured **EX-123**

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Miss Gandy	. ' '			

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<u>Ur. Richard</u> Shore

Denver, Colorado

Dear Mr. Shore:

It was a pleasure to meet you and the other representatives of Boys! Nation in my office on July 28, 1954.

Enclosed are two photographs taken while you were at FBI headquarters, and I have been pleased to autograph one to you.

Sincerely yours,

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NOTE: Bufiles contain no record of Shore. He is Vice President of Boys' Nation for 1954. Address per Shore.

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Mohr Parsons Rosen INDEXED 162

Tamm Sizoo Winterrowd Tele, Room Holloman JUL 19 1954

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UNITED GOVERNMENT

Glavin_ Harbo.

Rosen

TO Mr. Mohr DATE: July 30, 1954

H. L. Edwards FROM

AVAILABILITY OF ALL TOUR LEADERS FOR AMERICAN LEGION CONVENTION WEEK BEGINNING AUG UST 30, 1954

You will recall by memorandum dated July 19, 1954, Mr. Nichols advised the greatest number of visitors that the FBI tour facilities have ever had is anticipated during the week of the American Legion Convention. In this regard Mr. Nichols pointed out it is deemed essential that all qualified tour leaders be made available for tour duty on a 9 a.m. to 5:30 p.m. shift from Monday, August 30 to Friday September 3, 1954, and that leave and working schedules be so adjusted.

The following tour leaders assigned to the Administrative Division will be available for the tour duty set out above:

Henry Curran O. Eugene Smith George Hughes

Voucher Unit Voucher Unit Procurement and Supply Unit

The only other tour leader assigned to the Administrative Division is Warren Mathew assigned to the Mechanical Section who is being considered for an appointment to the New Agent's Class scheduled to convene August 9, 1954. In connection with George Hughes, it is noted he had contemplated taking annual leave on September 3, 1954. However, he will hold in abeyance his request for such leave pending a determination as to the need for his services in the Tour Room on that date. It is further noted that Hughes is attending summer school and has not had an opportunity to take extensive annual leave. matter was discussed with Mr. Morgan who stated all possible consideration will be given to Hughes' request for annual leave on September 3, 1954, consistent with the needs of the Tour Room.

With regard to the American Legion Convention it is also noted that the Legion parade is scheduled to begin at 2:30 p.m. on Tuesday, August 31, and it will continue for about 8 hours. According to Mr. Nichol's memorandum of 7/19/54 President Eisenhower's office has indicated that Federal employees will be dismissed about 1:00 or 2:00 p.m. on August 31, in order to attend the parade. The necessary action will be taken to advise divisional heads at the Seat of Government as to the time the employees may be released to view

Madv Mrs. Wood (Sent Direct) WINDEXED 78

EX. - 109

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the parade on August 31, 1954, when such information is available.

RECOMMENDATION:

None; the above is for record purposes.

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION FOIPA DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

No Duplication Fees are charged for Deleted Page Information Sheet(s).

Total Deleted Page(s) ~ 2 Page 99 ~ Referral/Consult Page 100 ~ Referral/Consult